

# Firty Industrial Purveyors of Fine Machinery®

Riving Knife can be used with uick release guard!

#### 10" Heavy-Duty Cabinet Table Saws w/Riving Knife

Perfect for cutting panels and wide stock!

 Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase or 5 HP, 220V/440V\*, 3-phase Precision ground cast iron table

 Table size w/extension: 27" x 75¾¹ Max. depth of cut:

33/16" @ 90°, 21/4" @ 45°

Arbor: 5/8"

52" rip capacity

· Approx. shipping weight: 514 lbs.

G0651 3 HP, single-phase

INTRODUCTORY PRICE \$169500

G0652 5 HP. 3-phase

INTRODUCTORY PRICE \$169500

10" Blade! See it on



#### Heavy-Duty 17" Extreme Bandsaw w/ Cast Iron Wheels

Only Grizzly offers these features for this price!

single-phase, TEFC

Larger precision ground

Motor: 2 HP, 110V/220V,



Max. cutting height: 12"

2 blade speeds: 1700 & 3500 FPM

cast iron table size: 24" x 17"

Table tilt: 5° left, 45° right

Double ball bearing blade guides

Quick change blade release/tensioner

Approx. shipping weight: 414 lbs.

Includes Deluxe Re-saw Fence, Miter Gauge & 1/2" Blade

10" Left-Tilting Table Saw

w/7' Rails & Extension Table

Arbor: 5/8" (accepts dado blades up to 13/16")

Max. depth of cut: 3" @ 90°, 21/8" @ 45°

G0513X2

FACTORY!

See it on

Page 97 of the

2008 Catalog.

INTRODUCTORY PRICE \$95000

Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase

Precision around cast iron table

Extension table size: 27" x 44"

Cutting capacity: 8" L, 54" R

Approx. shipping

weight: 532 lbs.



Capacity!

INCLUDES SHOP FOX CLASSIC-FENCE & CAST IRON MITER GAUGE

#### 12" Baby Drum Sander

- Sanding motor: 1½ HP, 110V, single-phase
   Conveyor motor: ½ HP, 110V, single-phase, variable speed 0-15 FPM
- Drum surface speed: 2300 FPM
- Max. stock dimensions: 12" wide x 3½" thick
- Min. stock length: 8"
- Sanding drum size: 4"

· Sanding belt: 3" hook & loop

FOR PORTABILITY!

· Approx. shipping weight: 160 lbs.

2 ADJUSTABLE PRESSURE ROLLERS & INDUSTRIAL-DUTY BELT



G0459 ONLY \$65000



## 19" Heavy-Duty Extreme Series® Bandsaw

- Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase, TEFC
- Precision ground cast iron table
- Table size: 263/4" x 19" x 11/2"
  - Cutting capacity/throat: 181/4"
  - Max. cutting height: 12"
  - Blade size: 143" L (1/8" 11/4" wide)
  - 2 Blade speeds: 1700, 3500 FPM Approx. shipping weight: 458 lbs.

Includes Aluminum Re-saw

Fence Attachment, Dual Ball Bearing Blade Guides, Cast Iron Wheels & Fence

EXTREME

G0514X ONLY \$115000 899

#### 10" Left-Tilting Table Saws

w/Cast Iron Router Table

- Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase or 5 HP, 220V, single-phase
- · Precision ground cast iron table
- Table size w/wings attached: 27" x 48"
- . Cutting capacity: 8" L, 26" R
- Approx. shipping weight: 500 lbs.



5 HP, single-phase ONLY \$119500

# SHOP FOX' CLASSIC FENCE

#### 21" Super Heavy-Duty Bandsaws w/Tilting Geared Table

- Motor: 3 HP or 5 HP, 220V, single-phase
- · Precision ground cast iron table
  - Table size: 29½" x 20¾" x 1½"
  - Table tilt: 5° L, 45° R



- Cutting capacity/throat: 20"
- Max. cutting height: 14" Blade size: 165" long (1/4" - 13/8")
- Blade speed: 4600 FPM
- Approx. shipping weight: 684 lbs.

Includes 1" Blade. Cast Iron Wheels & Fence

G0566 3 HP ONLY \$185000

G0531 5 HP ONLY \$189500

#### **Professional Spindle Shapers**

· Motor: 5 HP, 220V, single-phase, TEFC or 71/2 HP, 220V/440V\*, 3-phase

G1023SLX ONLY \$129500

· Precision ground cast iron table size: 351/2" x 28"

 Spindle sizes: 3/4", 1" & 11/4" x 71/2"

 Spindle speeds: 3600. 5100, 8000 & 10,000 RPM

Spindle travel: 3¼\*

Max. cutter dia.: 51/8"

· Approx. shipping weight: 602 lbs.

5 HP, SINGLE-PHASE

G5912Z ONLY \$219500 716 HP 3 PHASE

G7214Z ONLY \$219500 440V OPERATION REQUIRES PURCHASE OF ADDITIONAL COMPONENTS, CALL TECH, SERVICE FOR MORE INFO.

Includes Fence & Cast Iron Miter Gauge









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#### 15" Planer w/Spiral Cutterhead

An unbeatable combination of stability, power, smoothness & mobility!

- Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase
- Precision ground cast iron tables & extension wings
- Table size: 15" x 20"
- . Max. cutting height: 8"
- Feed rate: 16 & 30 FPM
- Cutterhead speed: 5000 RPM
- 2 speed gearbox
- · Magnetic safety switch
- · Heavy-duty cast iron construction
- Approx. shipping weight: 675 lbs.

Foot Operated Built-in **Mobile Base Provides Versatile Positioning** 

G0453Z

INTRODUCTORY PRICE \$129500



**Precision Ground** 

Cast Iron Bed &

Infeed/Outfeed

Tables

INCLUPES FREE SAFETY PUSH BLOCKS

\$250°

#### 8" Jointer w/Spiral Cutterhead!

Versatile parallelogram table adjustment system!

- Motor: 3 HP, 220V single-phase, TEFC
- Precision ground cast iron tables
- Total table size: 8" x 763/8"
- Infeed table size: 8" x 43%
- 4 row spiral cutterhead
- Cutterhead speed: 5350 RPM
- Max. rabbeting depth: 1/2"
- Deluxe cast iron fence size: 35"L x 11/4"W x 5"H
- Approx. shipping weight: 597 lbs.

Extra Long Infeed Table & Extra Tall Fence

G0490X INTRODUCTORY PRICE \$107500

INCLUDES FREE SAFETY **PUSH BLOCKS** 

EXTREME See it on Page 41

MADEIN

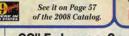
180 9001

FACTORY!

Feed Rollers

#### 20" Planer

- Motor: 5 HP, 220V, single-phase
- Table size: 20" x 25¾" (20" x 55%" w/ extension)
- Max. cutting width: 20"
- · Max. cutting height: 8"
- Min. stock length: 7½"
- Max. cutting depth: 1/8"
- · Feed rate: 16 FPM & 20 FPM
- · Cutterhead dia .: 31/8"
- Knives: 4 HSS
- · Cutterhead speed: 5000 RPM
- · Approx. shipping weight: 920 lbs.



#### 20" Extreme Series® Planer w/Spiral Cutterhead

- Motor: 5 HP, 220V, single-phase
- Precision ground cast iron table size: 20" x 253/4" (20" x 557/8" w/ extension)
- Max. depth of cut: 1/8"
- Max cutting height: 85/8"
- Cutterhead speed: 4800 RPM
- Feed rate: 16 & 20 FPM
- Approx. shipping weight: 909 lbs.



ISO 9001 FACTORY

G1033X ONLY \$239500 169

Built Like a

Tank w/

#### 24" Professional Planers

- Cutterhead motor: 5 HP, 220V, single-phase or 71/2 HP, 220V/440V\*, 3-phase
- Feed motor: 2 HP
- Precision ground cast iron
   Variable Feed Speeds table size: 241/8" x 311/8" & Lever Adjustable
- Max. cutting depth: 1/8"
- Max cutting height: 8"
- Feed rate: 17-26 FPM
- Cutterhead speed:
- 5200 RPM Knives: 4 HSS
- Approx. shipping weight: 1130 lbs.

\*440V OPERATION REQUIRES PURCHASE OF ADDITIONAL COMPONENTS, CALL TECH. SERVICE FOR MORE INFO.

5 HP. SINGLE-PHASE

G5851Z ONLY \$379500

G7213Z ONLY \$379500



#### 12" x 831/2" Parallelogram Jointer

· Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase

G0454 ONLY \$129500

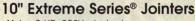
- · Precision ground cast iron table size: 123/4" x 831/2"
- Cutterhead knives: (4) 12" x 1/8" 19/64"
- Cutterhead dia.: 3¾"
- Cutterhead speed: 4950 RPM
- Max.depth of cut: 1/8 Max. rabbeting capacity: 3/4"
- Approx. shipping wt: 1036 lbs.

Handles Fold In For Added Safety

G0609

ONLY \$159500





- Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase
- Precision ground cast iron table size: 11" x 84"
- Max. depth of cut: 1/8"
   Rabbeting capacity: 1/2"
- Cutterhead speed: 5000 RPM
- Cutterhead dia: 3½6
- Approx. shipping weight: 977 lbs.



4 BLADE CUTTERHEAD G0455 ONLY \$169500

G0480 ONLY \$209500

#### The Ultimate 12" Extreme Series® Jointers

- Motor: 3 HP, 220V, single-phase, TEFC
- Precision ground cast iron table size: 12½" x 80"
- Center mounted fence: 4¾" x 39¼"
- Max. depth of cut: 5/16"
   Bevel jointing: 90° 45°
- · Cutterhead dia.: 4"
- Cutterhead speed-

5900 RPM Approx. shipping weight: 1253 lbs.

69860 INCLUDES FREE H2404 JOINTER PAL KNIFE SETTING JIG

4 BLADE CUTTERHEAD

MADE IN ISO

G9860 ONLY \$315000

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TOOLS & ACCESSORIES

INCLUDES FREE SAFETY **PUSH BLOCKS** 

SPIRAL CUTTERHEAD
G9860ZX ONLY \$415000





Circle No. 583

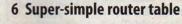












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This seal is your assurance that we build every project, verify every fact, and test every reviewed tool in our workshop to guarantee your success and complete satisfaction.

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# on the web

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#### POST YOUR PRIDE AND JOY





Rob Rosano of Methuen, Mass., showed off these photos of his furniture-quality router table in the online photo gallery. Post photos of your own shop projects at woodmagazine.com/ shopshots.



#### 8 MINUTES TO SUPER-SIMPLE DRAWERS

That's all the time it takes to watch the free drawer-making seminar at woodmagazine.com/ videos. Next time you're waiting for a glue-up to dry, pour a cup of coffee and watch this or other skill-building videos. It's like having WOOD magazine's experts in your shop.

#### OUR EDITORS WORK WOOD, TOO

Learn from them as they solve problems in their personal shops and share their solutions in blogs at woodmagazine.com/editorblogs. Or share your insights, photos, and projects-in-progress on your own blog. Discover how at woodmagazine.com/startablog.

## **INNOVATIVE PRODUCTS**

**SHOP FOX®** is one of the fastest growing machinery lines in the country, offering an unbeatable combination of quality and affordability to all segments of the woodworking trade.



SHOP FOX

We offer a 2 Year Warranty on all SHOP FOX® machines!

#### 19" HEAVY-DUTY MADE IN AN 9001 FACTORY! **BANDSAW**

- > 2 HP, 110V/220V, single-phase, TEFC motor
- > 19" x 26¾" precision ground cast iron table
- > Table tilt: 10° L, 45° R
- > 2 blade speeds: 1700 & 3500 FPM
- Cutting height: 12"
- ➤ Cast iron wheels
- > Quick release blade tensioning

Includes 5/8" blade, fence and miter gauge

W1729

#### 2 HP, 10" CONTRACTOR TYPE TABLE SAWS

- > 2 HP, 110V/220V, single-phase motor
- > Heavy-duty cast iron extension wings
- > SHOP FOX® Alumina-Classic® Fence
- ➤ Cast iron miter gauge w/adjustable stops
- ➤ Rip capacity w/standard rails: 28½"

> Arbor: 5/8" > Blade tilt: 45°R



#### 8" JOINTER

w/Parallelogram Adjustable Beds

- > 3 HP, 220V, single-phase, TEFC motor
- > Precision ground cast iron parallelogram design table measures 8" x 765/16" Internal
- ➤ 4 knife, 5350 RPM cutterhead
- ➤ Rabbeting capacity: 5/8"



SHOP FOX

SELECTIO

W1729

#### 21/2 HP SHAPER

- 2½ HP, 220V, single-phase motor
- Precision ground cast iron table measures 28" x 30"
- Spindle travel: 3"
- 2 spindle speeds: 7000 & 10,000 RPM
- ➤ Includes ½" & ¾" spindles and 1/4" & 1/2" router bit collets

Convenient pedestal controls

Split adjustment fence & fully adjustable cutter guard

> W1763 Built-in

Mobile Base



#### 1 HP POWER FEEDER

- > 1 HP, 220V motor 4 feed speeds: 13, 26, 33 & 66 FPM
- Vert, movement: 9"
- Horiz, movement: 17 Max. roller height: 7"
- > Forward & reverse rotation

#### 1 HP POWER FEEDER w/4 Rollers

1 HP, 220V, single-phase motor 4 feed speeds: 13, 26,

36 & 72 FPM Vert. movement: 91/2"

Horiz. movement: 241/41

W1768

W1767



Magnetic

20" PLANER w/Spiral Cutterhead > 5 HP, 220V, single-phase, TEFC motor

- > Precision ground cast iron table
- measures 20" x 253/4"
- > 2 feed speeds: 18 & 23 FPM
- ➤ 4 row spiral cutterhead w/carbide inserts
- ➤ Cutterhead speed: 5500 RPM
- Heavy-duty cast iron construction



SHOP FOX

#### **HEAVY-DUTY MORTISING** MACHINE w/Stand

- ► 1½ HP, 110V/220V, > Head tilts ±30°
  - single-phase, TEFC motor ➤ Table size: 19" x 121/2"

  - > X & Y table movement
  - ➤ Chisel capacity: 1/4" 1"
  - > Accepts 5/8" & 3/4" collars
  - Solid cast iron construction

Steel Cabinet Stand w/Indexed Storage Shelf for Mortising Chisels

W1743

#### **37" DUAL DRUM SANDERS**

- > 10 HP, 220V, single-phase or 15 HP, 220V/440V\*, 3-phase sanding drum motor
- ► ¼ HP conveyor motor
- > Drum diameter: 6"
- > Industrial rubber conveyor belt
- ➤ Variable conveyor feed rate: 6 18 FPM
- Control panel with amp load meter
- Max. stock dimensions:

361/2" wide x 4" thick

State-of-the-art Computer Balanced **Dual Drums** 10 HP, Single-Phase W1772 15 HP, 3-Phase W1773





#### **3 HP CYCLONE** DUST COLLECTOR

- > 3 HP, 220V, single-phase, TEFC Class "F" motor
  - > 8" intake hole
  - > 0.2 2 micron filters
  - Magnetic switch w/remote control
  - Noise reducing mufflers
  - > 55 gal. steel collection drum w/casters

Includes steel stand & detailed instruction manual

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#### We asked our staff:

What's the favorite piece of furniture you've ever built?

My rendition of the Greene and Greene Ford house server in mahogany with ebony buttons and splines.



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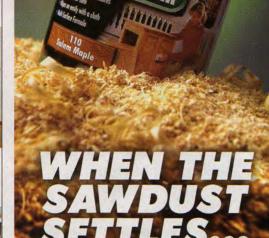
#### Issue No. 187

The first serious furniture project I built: a cherry crib for my son from WOOD magazine plans.



The window seat and bookcases in my wife's studio.





#### ZAR® finishes on top!

Whether you're creating your own masterpiece or want to give new life to a treasured family heirloom, only the best wood stain will do. ZAR Wood Stain's controlled penetration formula allows you to work at your own pace. ZAR Wood Stain wipes on easily and penetrates evenly for uniform color tone without streaks, lapmarks or blotches. So whether you're a professional or just want professional looking results - use ZAR Wood Stains and Clear Finishes.

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Circle No. 128



# **Portable** Router **Table**

Here's your low-cost ticket to accurate, convenient, and safe table-mounted routing.

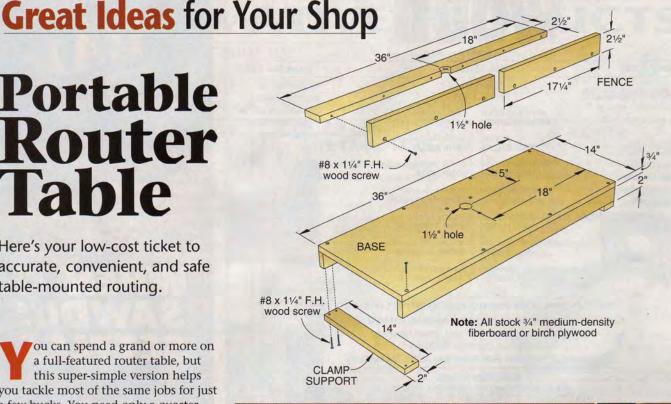
ou can spend a grand or more on a full-featured router table, but this super-simple version helps you tackle most of the same jobs for just a few bucks. You need only a quartersheet of 3/4" MDF or plywood and a few hours of shop time.

With this table, you can work without fear of a handheld router tipping on a narrow edge, rout profiles without a bearing-guided bit, and handle tricky jobs, such as routing grooves into workpiece ends.

To make one, first cut all of its parts to size. At the center of the base along its length, measure 5" from one edge. Visually center your router subbase there, and mark mounting-hole centers [Photo A]. Using a straightedge, draw connecting lines between the hole centers to form a triangle. Now draw a line from one corner to the center of the opposite side, splitting the triangle [Photo B]. Repeat for the other corners and sides. The lines intersect at the precise router subbase center.

Using a Forstner bit, drill a 11/2" hole at the intersection of the lines. Then drill countersunk holes for machine screws that fit your router base. (The ones that come with your router will be too short, so buy screws 3/4" longer than the originals.) Now glue and screw the parts together to form the base and fence. Mount your router (without the subbase) on the underside, lay the table on two sawhorses, clamp the fence in position, and you're ready to rout.

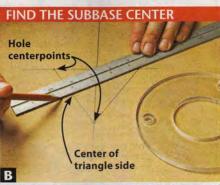
Project design: Jeff Mertz Illustration: Roxanne LeMoine







Draw a line at the base-length center. Then rough-position the base 5" from the edge and mark the base mounting-hole centers.



Draw a line between each triangle corner and its opposite side center to mark where to drill the router bit opening.

# What's The **Secret To Flawless** Edge **Profiles** With **REWORK?**

# Quadra-Cut



## Freud's New Quadra-Cut™



# **Cutter Design**



Two large cutter wings shear upward to remove most of the stock for fast, extremely smooth



Two small cutter wings shear downward for an ultra-fine finish, even when routing crossgrain in delicate materials!



U.S. Patent No. 8.899,252

For A Smooth Sanded Finish...

...Without The Rework!

Freud's **Exclusive** 4 Cutter Design





**All Other Router Bit** 2 Cutter Design

"Mirror-smooth finish with sharp, clean details!"

- Chris Marshall, Woodworker's Journal "Super-smooth cuts!"

- Glen Huev, Popular Woodworking

#### Look For These Popular Profiles in 1/2" Shank Quadra-Cut™ Design:

- · Classical Cove & Round Bit
- Rounding Over Bit, 3/8" Radius
  Rounding Over Bit, 1/2" Radius
- . Rounding Over Bit, 1" Radius
- Beading Bit, 5/16" RadiusBeading Bit, 1-1/8" Radius
- · Table Top Classical Bold Bit
- Table Edge Bit
- Rounding Over Bit, 5/8" Radius
- Rounding Over Bit, 1-1/2" Radius
- Raised Panel Bits







Precisely the best

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# **Shop** Tips

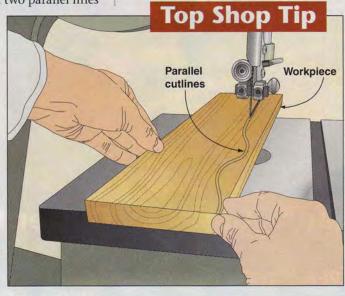
Helping you work faster, smarter, and safer

#### Two lines are better than one for cutting accurately

No matter how old or young, the first time we cut wood on the bandsaw, we learn to follow a single cutline, staying to one side of it. So it runs against our nature to accept that two parallel lines

drawn on the workpiece are better than one. I'm not sure why shooting for the gap-1/16" is plenty-between the lines is easier, but since I started using this technique, I rarely let the blade wander over the line as I saw. Ironically, by giving myself more room for error, I get even closer to the perfect curved cut. To create the two lines, I simply freehand a line parallel to the original cutline. Go ahead and try it; I'll bet it'll work for you, too.

-Warren Perkins, Millington, Mich.

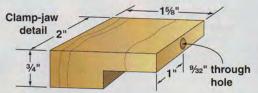


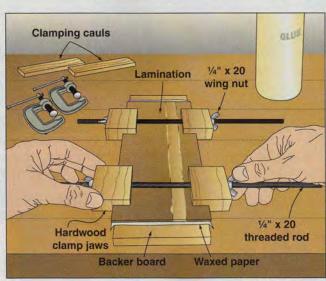
#### Diminutive clamps for delicate glue-ups

I make small, decorative boxes to hold coin and stamp collections, so I frequently have to edge-glue wood as thin as 3/16". My larger clamps aren't suited to this delicate process, so I made the clamps you see here.

The threaded rod and wing nuts give me fine control that lets me carefully control the pressure. I keep small scrapwood clamping cauls and C-clamps on hand. If the workpiece starts to bow as I apply pressure, I simply clamp the cauls on top with a backer board beneath, separating them from the workpiece with waxed paper.

—Merlin Lafferty, Sebring, Fla.





continued on page 10

### The Top Tipster



To craft the intricate parts for his wooden model tractors, trucks, and trains, retired die-maker Warren Perkins needs a steady hand and a sharp eye. And it also doesn't hurt that his elegant Top Shop Tip gives him an edge at the bandsaw.



Warren Perkins earns a Craftsman 12" compound mitersaw for sending this issue's Top Shop Tip. Way to go, Warren!

#### Top tips earn tools!

Tell us how you've solved a workshop stumper. If we print it, you'll get \$100 and a copy of 450+ Best-Ever Shop Tips (woodmagazine.com/450tips). And, if your idea garners Top Shop Tip honors,

we'll also reward you with a tool prize worth at least \$300.

Send your best ideas, along with photos or drawings and your daytime phone number, to: **Shop Tips, WOOD** 

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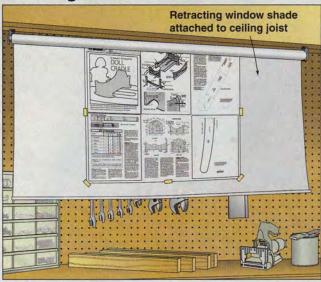
Subject to Official Rules at www.woodmagazine.com/door. No purchase necessary to enter or win. To enter, visit www.woodmagazine.com/door for the entry form, and e-mail the completed entry form and up to five (5) pictures of an interior door that you have built/created that highlights routing techniques to doors@woodmagazine.com. The door must be created by the entrant using his/her own equipment. Entry photos must be taken by the entrant, non-professional, unpublished and may not have won any prize or award. Freud's Door to Italy Contest begins 9/15/08 and ends 1/15/09. Entries must be received by 11.59 p.m., E.T. on 1/15/09. Open to legal residents of the 50 United States, and the District of Columbia, 21 years or older. One entry per household. Void where prohibited. Sponsor: Meredith Corporation

#### **Shop Tips**

#### Project plans ready for the big screen

Like most people, I have trouble finding space on the workbench for all the plans, parts, and tools required for a project. To get my plans out of the way but still keep them accessible, I hung a 48" retracting window shade from a ceiling joist. I tape the plans to the shade and, when I need them, they are only a "pull" away. The shade not only stores the plans and provides easy viewing, it preserves them from the usual wear and tear that takes place in the workshop.

—Don Loeffler, Menomonee Falls, Wis.

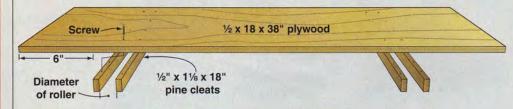


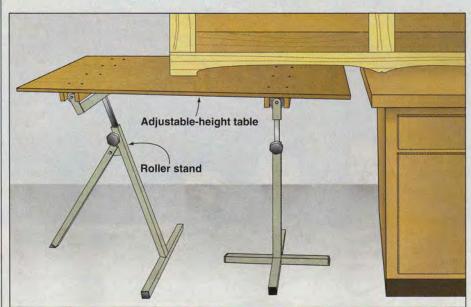
#### Roll out a just-right-height temporary table

It's always a time-consuming exercise to get a support table to match the height of my workstation when I need extra space. A single roller stand fulfills the height adjustability requirement, but it tends to be unstable for stationary work. But two roller stands, and a

plywood tabletop with channels to fit over the rollers, provides just the right solution. Build the top as shown, and you have a temporary adjustable-height table anytime you need the extra workspace.

-Allan Rice, Winnipeg, Man.





continued on page 12



# With Freud's New Entry & Interior Door Router Bit Sets!

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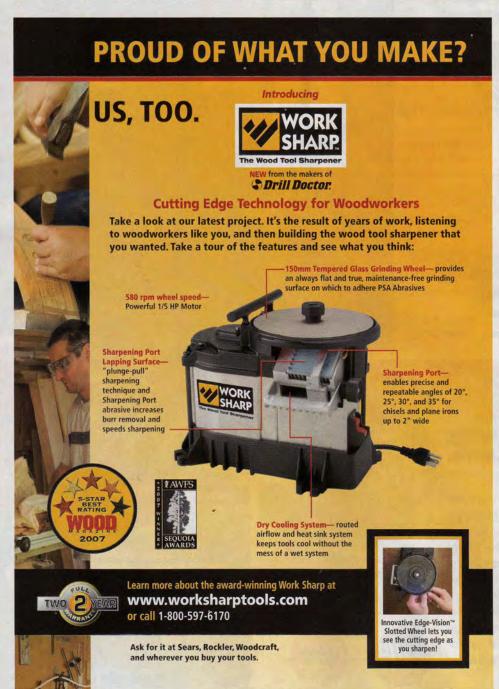








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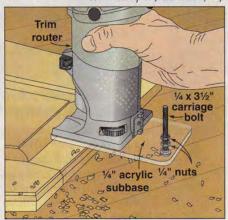


#### **Shop** Tips

#### **Outrigger steadies** your trim router

As a wheelchair-bound woodworker, I have to find novel ways to work efficiently in the shop. Holding a trim router steadily at arm's length was a challenge until I came up with the subbase you see here. Made out of 1/4" clear acrylic, I added a 1/4×31/2" carriage bolt that serves as a stabilizing outrigger. I double-face-tape my workpiece down to a flat surface and adjust the height of the bolt, enabling me to rout it with no wobble at all.

-Edwin Frampton, Clarksboro, N.J.



# Small tools stay put in magnetic sticky pockets

I like to keep a small steel rule, a punch, and other useful items handy in my shop apron pocket. But they frequently fall out when I bend over to pick something off the floor. I solved this problem by duct-taping a 3/8"-diameter rare-earth magnet on the back of my apron, behind the pocket. Now all of my metal odds and ends stay securely tucked in my pocket, but not so securely that they aren't easy to retrieve when I need them.

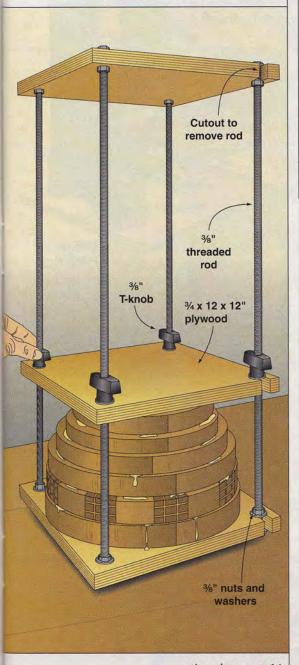
-Andy Newhouse, Syracuse, N.Y.



#### Large-capacity bowl press on a low-capacity budget

Commercial presses cost beaucoup bucks. So I came up with this lowdough version for gluing up segmented turnings. It consists of three pieces of 3/4×12×12" plywood that ride on 3/8" threaded rod. Nuts and washers hold the top and bottom pieces in place, and the middle piece acts as the press. I simply turn the T-knobs to apply pressure. Even large bowls aren't a problem for this press because one rod detaches to allow easy access.

-John Hoffmann, Lancaster, N.Y.



continued on page 14

13



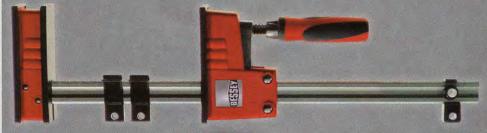
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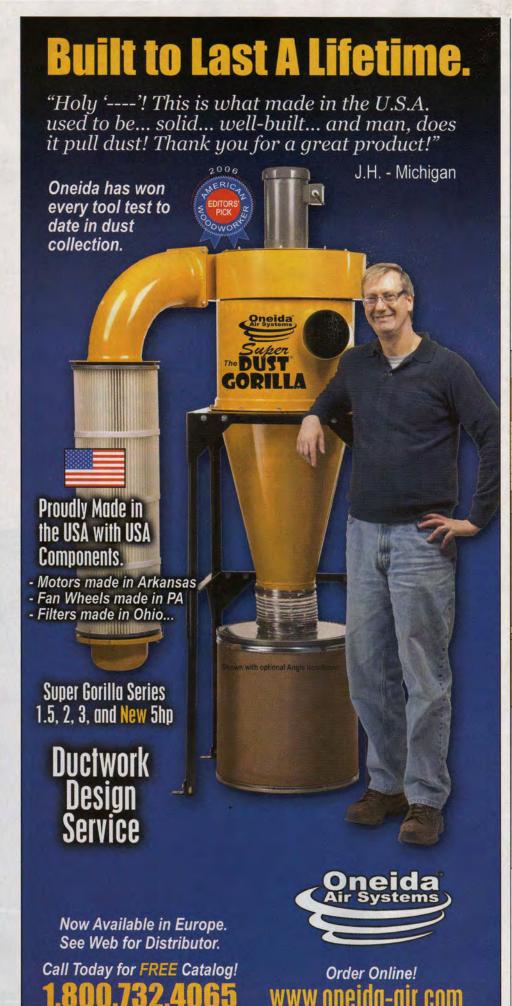
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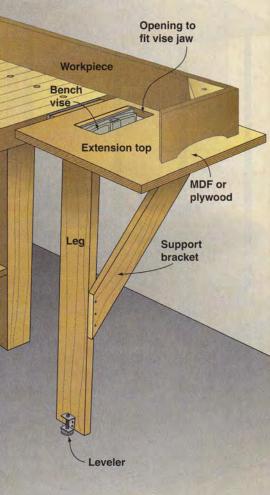
#### **Shop** Tips

## Workbench expansion gives you a leg up

I was building a corner cabinet when I realized my workbench wasn't quite wide enough for the project. To solve the problem, I enlisted my bench vise to create a temporary workbench addition, as shown.

The extension top is a separate, compact table that's quickly but firmly held in place by the vise. To install it, I first use the bench vise to align the surface of the extension flush with the benchtop. Then I use the leg leveler to firmly position the rest of the extension and take some of the pressure off the vise.

-Dave Wywial, Janesville, Wis.



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14

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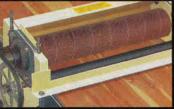


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# Quick & Easy Jig

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# Fluting Jig

ount your router to this simple-to-build jig, and guide it arrow-straight down the workpiece to rout flutes with dead-on precision. Build the jig shown, drilling mounting holes in the base to attach to your router base. Then, mark a centerline across the jig top and bottom directly under the centerpoint of the router collet. Extend the centerline up the front edge of the base.

To machine flutes, first mark the flute centerlines on your workpiece. Then, align the centerline on the jig's front edge with one of the flute

locations, and slide the guides snugly against the edges of the workpiece, allowing just enough free play for the jig to slide without wobble. Tighten the knobs, set the bit's cutting depth, and rout the flute. If the second flute is the same distance from the opposite edge of the workpiece as the first flute, simply rotate the jig 180° and rout from the opposite end.

Project design: Angelo Varisco, Coral Springs, Fla.

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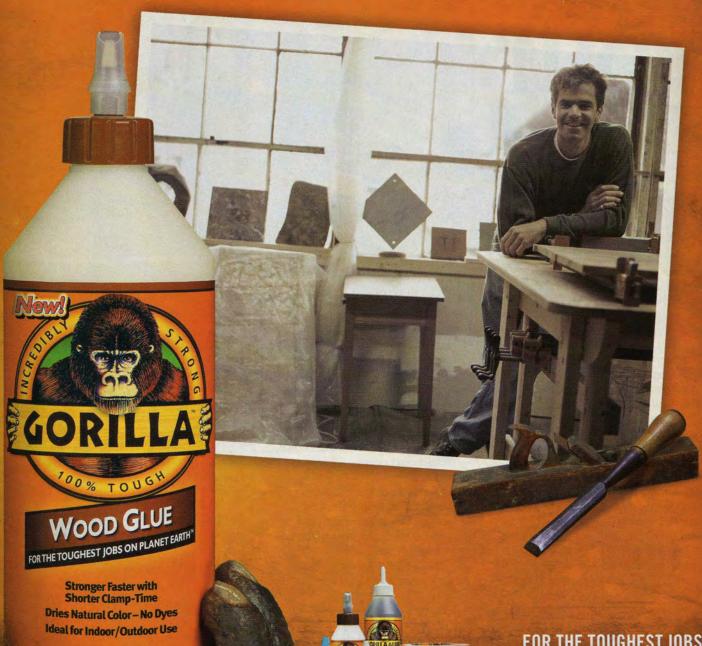




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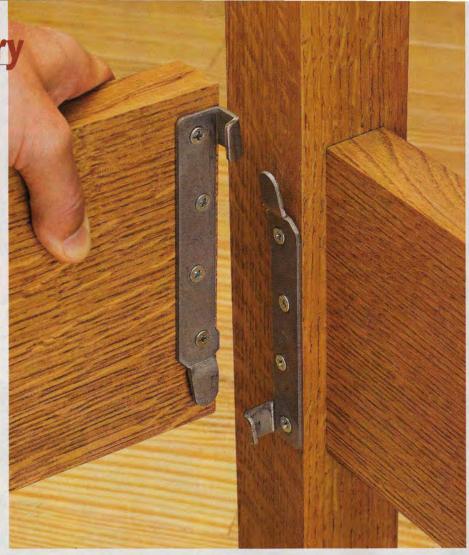


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**Just-Right Joinery** 

# Make Your Bed Movable



3 rock-solid bed-rail options that will let you rest easy.

Beds occupy more floor space than any furniture you'll build. So when moving day comes, you'll appreciate these handy hardware options for taking them apart.

To assemble the pencil-post bed on page 24, we used bed bolts that unscrew to detach the rails, headboard, and footboard from the posts. If this assembly loosens from wear or wood movement, simply rotate the decorative bold covers, and tighten the bolts to snug the joints good as new.

Not every furniture style works with bed bolts, though, so we offer these three great alternatives to match your bed design or woodworking skills. We won't tackle step-by-step installation instructions because bed-part sizes vary, but we will equip you with the basics.

#### 1 A simple, solid solution: Tabbed bed-rail brackets

The easiest to install of these three, brackets come in sets of mating pairs

[Photo A]. Each set includes enough hardware to assemble one bed.

- + Advantages: There's no mortising required; each bracket surface-mounts with four screws, as shown *above*. That makes it easy to center rails on the thickness of the posts. At \$8 per set, they're the most economical choice.
- **Disadvantages:** All hardware can be seen from the top and inside. Rails can separate from the headboard or footboard when lifting the bed.
- Installation basics: Separate the brackets into interlocking pairs, and each pair into right or left brackets. Drill and screw one bracket from a right pair and one from a left pair centered on the rail height and flush with the rail end. Then with the bracket pairs interlocked, place each rail where desired on the headboard or footboard posts or legs, and mark the bracket-hole locations. Drill and screw the mating brackets to the headboard or footboard.



Tabbed bed-rail-bracket sets come with two left and right pairs 3¾" or 511/16" (shown) long.

• continued on page 20



#### **Just-Right Joinery**

#### 2Hook-and-slot fasteners require mortises

Once you learn to rout the shallow mortises to accept the hardware shown [Photo B], you'll appreciate the inconspicuous strength of these fasteners. You'll also find these handy for assembling other knock-down furniture, such as bookcases, where you want concealed fasteners.

#### HOOKS LOCK INTO SLOTS



Working in pairs, these hook-and-slot fasteners both mount inside mortises and disappear on an assembled bed.

+ Advantages: Once assembled, fasteners are hidden for the look of a mortise-and-tenon joint. You'll spend only \$11 for a set to build one bed.

**– Disadvantages:** Mortising the bedposts and rail ends takes time, even with jigs. Half of these mortises must be deepened in places to accept the hooks.

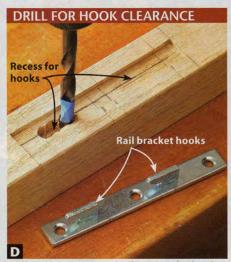
■ Installation basics: To cut the 5%×5" mortises, first make post and railend mortising jigs similar to the one for the bed lock/hook fasteners (page 22), but with the opening bounded on four sides and sized for your project.

Attach the indexing cleat to the bottom of the post-mortising jig to center or offset the hardware. To mortise a post, clamp the jig with the opening where you want the slotted bracket. (Remember to index from the same corner on each post.) Set a dado clean-out bit for the jig thickness plus bracket thickness combined, and rout a mortise [Photo C]. Remove the jig, and square the corners with a chisel. To provide clearance for the rail-bracket hooks, use a 3/8" bit to drill out portions of the mortise 1/2" deep [Photo D]. Drill pilot holes, and then screw the bracket to the post using the longest screws that fit the post thickness [Photo E].

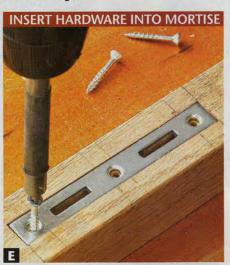
To mortise the rails, center the mortising jig opening on the rail end,



With the jig clamped to a post, rout the initial mortise using a dado clean-out bit inside the jig opening. Size the jig opening to fit the fastener width and length.



Drill %" holes to provide clearance for hooks on the mating fastener to pass through the post-mounted fastener slots.

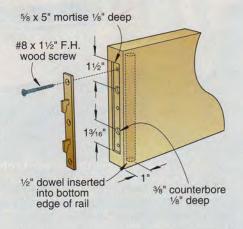


Attach slotted fasteners to posts using #8×1¼" flathead wood screws. For the rail-mounted hook hardware, use #8×1½" screws.

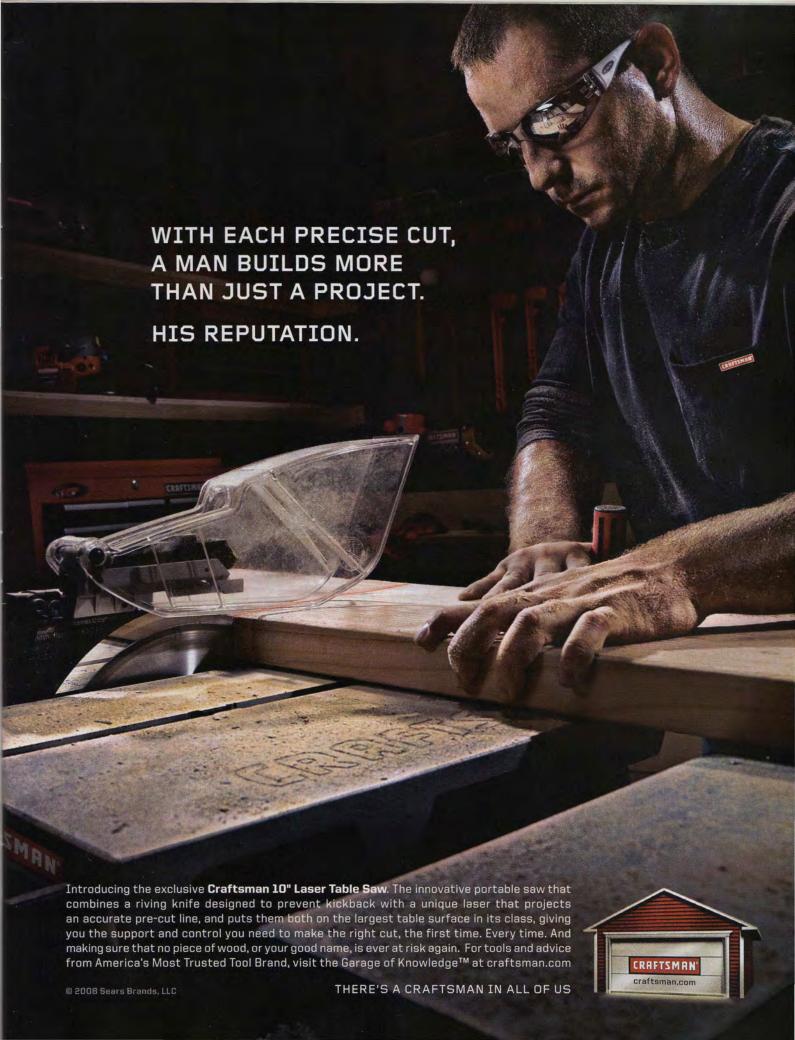
allowing at least ¾6" from the rail edges and faces. Clamp this jig to the rail end, and rout the mortise as you did with the bedpost. Square the corners with a chisel. Now drill ¾8" holes ¼8" deep in the mortise to accept the protrusions on the back side of the hook bracket.

To give the bracket mounting screws better grip than in end grain alone, drill the bottom rail edge to accept a ½" dowel, as shown at *right*. Glue the dowel in place, and trim it flush with the bottom edge of the rail. Now drill ½" pilot holes, and attach the bracket with #8×1½" flathead wood screws. Index the jig from the same face or edge, and repeat on the other rail end. Then do the same for the other rail.

#### **BED-RAIL-END BRACKET**



continued on page 22



#### **Just-Right Joinery**

# 3 Bed lock/hook hardware requires a single mortise

To install these, rout one shallow mortise, and the L-shaped bed lock mounts flush with one bedpost face—far easier than cutting a slot and drilling the post for metal pins to accept the bed hooks.

+ Advantages: Integral metal pins in the bed locks, shown [Photo F], avoid potential alignment problems from drilling pin holes into the post. The bed lock holds the hooks at 90° angles for a square bed frame.

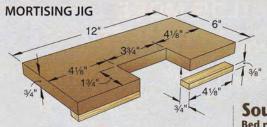
■ **Disadvantages:** Bed rails must be at least 11/8" thick to hide the mortised portion of the bedlock; the rest of the hardware remains exposed. Rails cannot be centered without adjusting the post or rail thickness to accommodate the hardware. At \$15.60, four bed locks and hooks cost the most of these three options.

Installation basics: To rout consistent mortises, make the jig shown *right*. Position the opening in the jig where you want the mortise, and rout a ½6" mortise using a dado clean-out bit. Square the rounded mortise corners

Bed hook
Bed lock

Internal pins

BED LOCKS HOLD THE BED-RAIL-MOUNTED HOOKS



with a chisel. Drill and screw the bed lock in place. Insert a bed hook into the bed lock, and mark the bed-hook mounting hole positions on the rails. Drill and screw the bed hook to the rail. Then repeat for the three other bed locks and hooks.

Bed hooks, on the left, attach to two pins inside the bed locks.
Rails must be at least 11/8" thick to conceal the portion of the bed locks mortised into the posts.

#### Sources

Bed rail brackets. Four 511/16" pairs, no. 94K01.01, \$7.90, Lee Valley Tools, 800-871-8158, or leevalley.com. Dado clean-out router bit. No. 102-0802B 1/2" diameter, 1/4" cutting length, \$20, Eagle America, 800-872-2511, or eagleamerica.com.

**Hook-and-slot fasteners.** No. 127456, \$11.50 for four sets, Woodcraft, 800-225-1153, or woodcraft.com. **Bed locks and bed hooks.** Bed lock no. 01S02.01, \$11.50 for four. Bed hooks no. 01S02.07, \$4.10 for four, Lee Valley Tools.

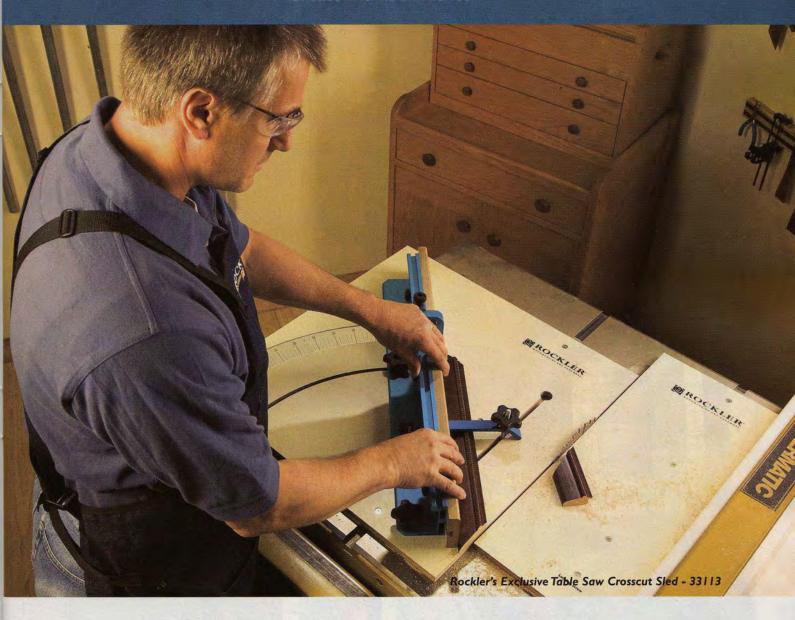
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the clean, elegant lines of this cherry four-poster bed, influenced by Shaker designs, make it a beauty to behold and build. Despite its size, you won't have any trouble getting it up stairs or around corners into the bedroom; it disassembles with ease. The bed is part of a matching set that includes a

nightstand, a dresser with valet and mirror, and a lingerie chest, shown in the

photo below.

Start with the posts

Laminate cherry blanks for the four bedposts (A). Start with a 1¾×6½×84" board for each post, and book-match the blank. To do that, joint one edge of the board, rip it to 6½" wide, and plane it to 1½" thick. Rip the board in half, and fold the two halves together [Photo A]. Glue and clamp the blanks, keeping the ends and edges flush.

2 Joint and plane the blanks to 234" square, then cut them to length for

the bedposts (A) [Materials List, page 31]. Save one of the cutoff pieces to make a jig later. Mark each bedpost on the bottom for its final position (LH for left-side head, for example).

#### **PROJECT HIGHLIGHTS**

- Overall dimensions:  $84\frac{1}{2}$ " long ×  $64\frac{1}{2}$ " wide ×  $83\frac{3}{4}$ " high.
- Materials needed: cherry; maple would be appropriate, too.
- Frame holds a queen-size mattress.
- Build it with or without the top canopy frame.
- Bed assembles and disassembles for easy moving.

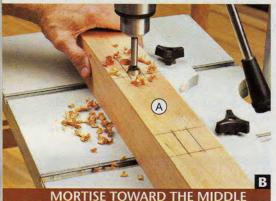
#### **Skill Builders**

- Find out about book-matching stock.
- Discover how to taper long parts.
- Learn how to bandsaw compoundcurved finials.

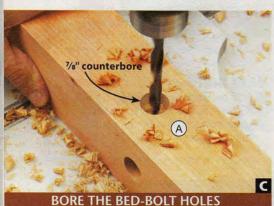




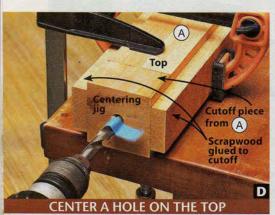
book-matching helps hide the joint.



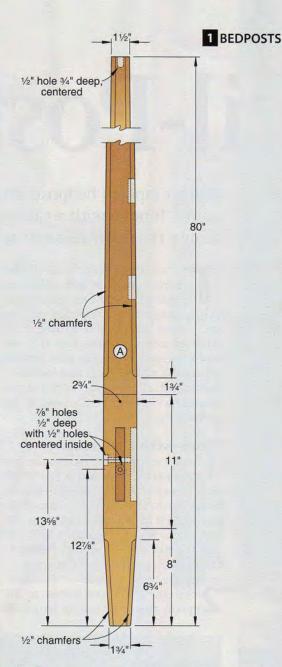
Start at the ends when you form the mortises, then drill out the middle. Use the depth stop on the drill press for uniformity.



Drill through the center of each counterbore into the mortises in the bedposts (A) with a 1/2" brad-point bit.



With the centering jig, drill into the top of each bedpost (A). Masking tape on the drill bit serves as a visual stop for the hole depth.



3 On all four bedposts (A), lay out the 6" mortise locations for the side rails and end rails (B, C) along with the centerpoints for the %" counterbores and ½" through holes [Drawing 1].

On the bedposts for the head of the bed, also lay out the 2" mortises for the headboard (F) [Drawing 1]. Place the bedposts side by side and lay out the mortises at the same time for accuracy. Differences in mortise location or length will lead to a lot of fitting when you assemble the bedposts and headboard.

Form the headboard (F) mortises in Stwo bedposts (A) with a ¾" Forstner bit and drill press [Drawing 1, Photo B]. Support the long leg with a work stand for easier, more accurate drilling. Clean and straighten the mortise sides with a

chisel, but leave the corners round to match the tenons on the headboard. Using the same procedure, drill the

3/4 x 2"

mortises

3/4" deep

(headboard bedposts only)

3/4 x 6"

mortises 9/16" deep

101/4"

2"

6

2"

27

A

mortises for the side rails and end rails (B, C) in all four posts (A) [Drawing 1]. Clean the mortise sides with a chisel, and square the corners.

Drill the %" counterbores with a Forstner bit, then center a 1/2" hole through the bedpost (A) in each counterbore [Drawing 1, Photo C].

Cut a 2"-long block from the saved Obedpost cutoff to make a centering jig. To do this, first make sure both ends are square to the sides. With a drill press, drill a 1/2" hole centered on the end of the block. Glue cleats to two opposite sides for clamping. (We made cleats measuring 3/4×2×8" from scrapwood.)

#### **SHOP TIP**

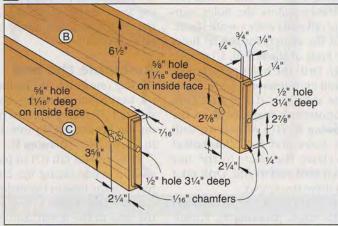
## An easy way to cut stopped chamfers

A simple shop-made gauge helps you set stops for routed chamfers quickly and accurately. To make one, set up your router with a 45° piloted chamfer bit. Then, rout a chamfer 3" to 4" along the edge of a piece of scrapwood, marking the edge of the router base on the piece at your starting point.

To set a stop with the gauge, place the end of the chamfer on your test piece against the endpoint of the chamfer on the workpiece. Transfer the router-edge mark to the workpiece; clamp the stop there.



#### 2 RAIL TENON DETAIL



Oclamp the jig to the top of each bedpost (A) as a guide, then drill a ½" hole ¾" deep in each post [Drawing 1, Photo D].

#### **Taper the bedposts**

Construct the tapering jig shown on page 34. (You'll use the same jig to saw the long tapers and short tapers.)

2Mark the center on the bottom of each bedpost (A) [Photo E]. Drill a %4" pilot hole 1½" deep at each center.

Install the short-taper bracket on the tapering jig. Set up the jig on your tablesaw, referring to the instructions in the article beginning on *page 32*.

Attach a bedpost (A) to the tapering jig, and cut the short tapers on all four sides at the bottom [**Drawing 1**, **Photo F**]. Repeat for the other bedposts.

**5** Change to the long-taper bracket on the jig. Attach a bedpost (A) and cut the long tapers [**Photo G**]. Be sure the bedpost is square to the blade and the jig before starting each cut. Repeat for the remaining bedposts.

Lay out the endpoints of the chamfers on the bedposts (A) [**Drawing 1**]. Chuck a piloted 45° chamfer bit into a handheld router, and rout the stopped chamfers along the edges of the bedposts [**Photo H**]. For an easy way to set a stop, see the **Shop Tip** *top*.

**7**Sand the tapered faces to remove saw marks. Then, finish-sand the bedposts to 220 grit.

#### Ready the rails

1 Cut the side rails (B) and end rails (C) to size.



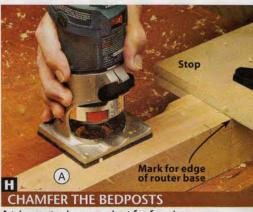
Clamp the centering jig to the bottom of the bedpost (A). Insert a ½" brad-point bit, and tap the end of the bit with a mallet.



The short-taper bracket holds the bottom of the bedpost (A) farther from the jig than the long-taper bracket.



Position work supports in front of and behind the tablesaw when cutting the long tapers on the bedposts.



A trim router is convenient for forming chamfers on the bedposts (A). Set a stop for accurate, consistent chamfer lengths.



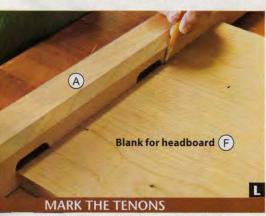
To cut tenons on the rails (B, C) using the tablesaw, set up a work support and install a long extension on the miter gauge.



With an auxiliary fence and 3/4" dado set, you can set tenon length precisely by measuring from the fence face to the outside blade.



A doweling jig helps keep the holes in the ends of the rails (B, C) perpendicular to the ends, necessary for the bed bolts to line up.



Align the end of the headboard with the middle of the mortises in the bedpost (A). Mark the mortise locations on the blank.

**2**Form tenons on both ends of the rails (B, C) [**Drawing 2**]. We cut the tenon cheeks with a tablesaw and dado blade [**Photo I**], then turned the rails on edge to cut the shoulders, using the same setup [**Photo J**]. Chamfer the top edges and tenon ends [**Drawings 2, 3**].

Lay out the %" hole centerpoints on the inside faces of the rails (B, C) [Drawing 2]. Install a %" Forstner bit in your drill press, and set the depth stop to bore 11/16" deep. Bore a test hole in scrap material the same thickness as the rails. If the point of the bit breaks through the face, reset the stop to bore a shallower hole. Then you can sand or file the end of the barrel nut to align the threaded hole with the bolt when you assemble the bed. Bore the holes, supporting the rail ends with a work stand.

Lay out the centers for the ½" holes on the ends of the rail (B, C) tenons [Drawing 2]. Drill the holes perpendicular to the rail ends [Photo K].

**5** Cut the slat cleats (D) to size. Drill and countersink shank holes in the cleats [**Drawing 3**]. (For #8 screws, drill ½2" shank holes and ¾4" pilot holes.) Glue and clamp the cleats to the side rails (B), centered end to end. Drill pilot holes, and drive the screws.

**6**Cut the slats (E) to size, and round over the edges [**Drawing 3**]. Finishsand the side rails (B/D), end rails (C), and slats to 220 grit.

#### Shape the headboard

1 Edge-glue stock to make a ¾×16½×61" blank for the headboard (F).

2Dry-assemble and clamp the bed-posts (A) and end rail (C) that will make up the head of the bed. Measure the distance between the bedposts *inside* the headboard mortises. Cut the blank for the headboard (F) to this length.

Disassemble the bedposts (A) and end rail (C). Lay one bedpost on your workbench and position the headboard blank (F) with its bottom edge aligned with the bottom edge of the lower headboard mortise [Photo L]. Mark the top and bottom of both mortises on the headboard blank. Repeat for the other end of the headboard.

Enlarge the **Headboard Half-Size End Pattern** in the *WOOD Patterns*® insert to make a full-size pattern. Using that

pattern and the gridded headboard pattern, lay out the headboard (F) on your blank. Make sure the tenons on the end match the mortises on your posts; adjust the tenons as necessary. After you lay out the ends, mark the center of the headboard, and draw the curve along the top with a fairing stick [Photo M]. (To download a free fairing stick plan, go to woodmagazine.com/fairing.)

5 Bandsaw the headboard (F) to shape, cutting slightly outside the lines. Sand to the lines.

6 Round over the edges of the head-board (F) with a 1/16" round-over bit in a handheld router.

**7** Finish-sand the headboard (F). Sand the tenons to fit the mortises, allowing some clearance so they slide in and out of the mortises easily for assembly and disassembly.

#### Assemble the bed

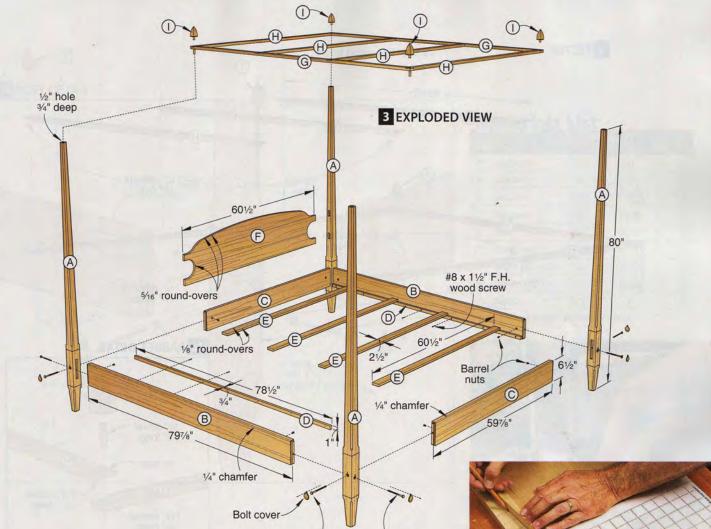
1 Lay one head-end bedpost (A) on a workbench, with the mortise for the side rail (B) facing up. Insert the tenons on the headboard (F) into the mortises in the bedpost [Drawing 3].

Lay an end rail (C) in position, with the inside facing up. Drop a barrel nut into the hole in the inside face of the end rail. Insert a %×5" hexhead bolt into the hole in the tenon, and try to thread it into the barrel nut. If the threads do not line up, remove the barrel nut, and sand or file the inside end until it drops far enough into the hole to start the bolt. Don't try to drill the cross holes in the rails deeper; that risks breaking through the rail.

3 Slide the tenon on the end rail (C) into the mortise in the bedpost (A) [Drawing 3]. Insert a bed bolt through the hole in the bedpost and thread it into the barrel nut in the end rail [Drawing 5, Photo N]. If you have trouble pushing the bolt as you turn it to get it started, see the Shop Tip on the opposite page.

Attach the other head-end bedpost (A) to the end rail (C). Assemble the foot-end bedposts and end rail the same way [Drawing 3].

**5** Stand the assembled ends (A/C/F and A/C) with the mortises for the side rails (B) facing each other [**Drawing 3**]. Attach the ends to the side rails with bolts, as you did the end rails (C).



#### **SHOP TIP**

#### Starting bolts goes quickly with a dowel in a socket

A dowel rod inside a deep-well socket makes easy work of starting a bolt inside a counterbore. Slide a dowel into the socket and mark the socket depth on it, shown below. Then subtract the

thickness of the bolt head, shown below right. Cut the dowel to that length and drop it into the socket. With the packed socket, you can push the bolt inward as you turn it, for easier starting.

3/8" hexhead bolts 5" long





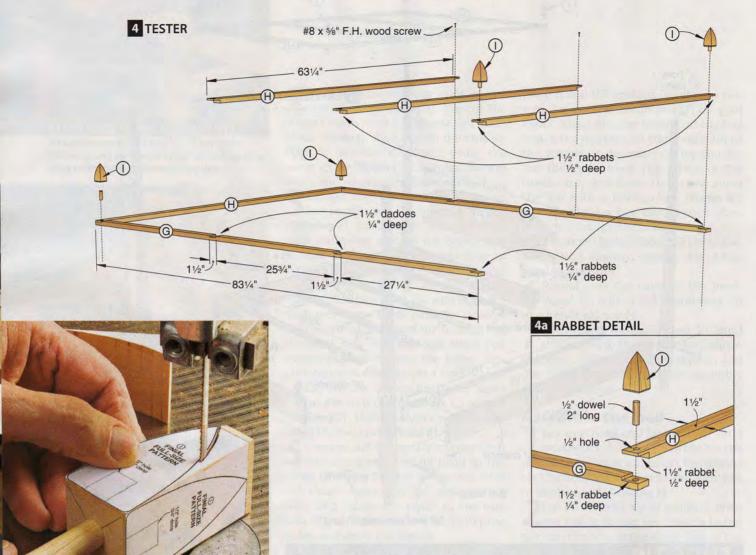


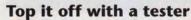
Lay out the curve from the end pattern to the center of the headboard (F). Apply masking tape along the top for easier layout.



#### **BOLT THE BED TOGETHER**

Put a washer onto the bed bolt, then insert the bolt through the bedpost (A) into the barrel nut. Tighten with a socket wrench.





1 Cut the tester side rails (G) and tester cross rails (H) to size.

2Lay out the rabbets and dadoes on the tester side rails (G) [Drawing 4]. Cut them in several passes on a tablesaw with a ¾" dado blade set to cut ¼" deep. You can cut both side rails together.

3 Cut the rabbets on the ends of the tester cross rails (H). You can use the same setup you did for rabbeting the side rails (G), except change the cutting depth to ½".

4 Dry-assemble the four corner joints (G, H) and drill a ½" hole through the center of each joint [**Drawing 4a**].

**5** Drill and countersink shank holes at the ends of the remaining two tester cross rails (H) [**Drawing 4**]. Lay the cross rails in position on the side rails (G) and drill pilot holes %" deep. Be careful not to drill through the rails. Finish-sand the side rails (G) and cross rails (H).

6 Cut ½" dowels 2" long [Drawing 4a] and insert them into the holes in the

tops of the bedposts (A). Lay the tester side rails (G) over the dowels. Install the tester cross rails (H), securing the middle two with screws [**Drawing 4**].

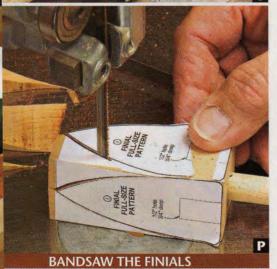
#### **Fashion the finials**

1 Cut blanks for the finials (I) 1/8" longer than listed.

2Drill a ½" hole ¾" deep, centered on the bottom of each blank. Cut a length of ½" dowel rod about 6" long; you'll use this as a handle to saw and sand the finials to shape.

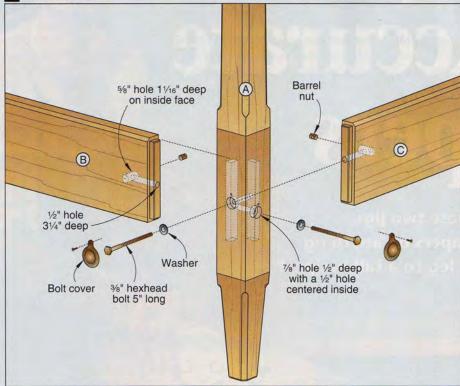
3 Make eight copies of the Finial Full-size Pattern in the WOOD Patterns® insert. Attach patterns to two adjacent sides of each finial (I) blank. Align the bottom of the pattern with the bottom of the blank (the end with the hole). Insert the dowel handle into one hole.

Bandsaw the first face [Photo O]. Then, reattach the cut-off pieces with double-faced tape, and saw the pattern line on the taped-on pieces [Photo P]. Sand round-overs along the bottom.



Guide the blank with the dowel handle for better control when bandsawing the finials (I). Saw slightly outside the line (top) to cut both patterned faces. After the first cut, sand to the line before reattaching the cut-off pieces for the final cut (bottom).

5 POST DETAIL



**Materials List** 

		FINISHED SIZE				
Pai	rt	T	W	L	Matl.	Qty.
A*	bedposts	23/4"	23/4"	80"	LC	4
В	side rails	11/4"	61/2"	797/8"	C	2
C	end rails	11/4"	61/2"	597/8"	C	2
D	slat cleats	3/4"	1"	781/2"	C	2
E	slats	3/4"	21/2"	601/2"	С	4
F*	headboard	3/4"	15"	601/2"	EC	1
G	tester side rails	3/4"	11/2"	831/4"	C	2
Н	tester cross rails	3/4"	11/2"	631/4"	C	4
*	finials	11/2"	11/2"	3"	С	4

\*Parts initially cut oversize. See the instructions.

Materials key: C-cherry, EC-edge-glued cherry, LC-laminated cherry.

Supplies: #8×5/8", 11/2" flathead wood screws, 1/2" dowels.

Blade and bits: Chamfer bit, 1/8" round-over bit, rabbeting bit, dado set.

#### Source

Bed bolts, covers: Set of four 5" hexhead bolts, washers, and brass barrel nuts, no. 05G1701, \$13.50 (order two sets); brass bed-bolt covers with screws, Classic style, no. 00A2814, \$3.05, (order eight). Lee Valley, 800-871-8158, leevalley.com.

5 Finish-sand the finial (I). Remove the dowel handle and place the finial over the dowel on top of one bedpost (A). Repeat for the other three finials.

#### It's about time for bed

Disassemble the bed for finishing. If you sanded any of the barrel nuts so the bolts would line up, mark their positions. Inspect all parts and touch-up sand as necessary.

Stain as desired. (We stained the bed Lparts with Minwax no. 607 Cherrywood gel stain to enhance the color of the cherry.)

3 Apply a clear finish. (We applied three coats of satin polyurethane, sanding with 320-grit between coats.)

Reassemble the bed, and attach decorative covers over the bed-bolt holes in the bedposts (A) [Drawing 5], using the screws provided.

Written by Larry Johnston with Chuck Hedlund Project design: Kevin Boyle

Illustrations: Roxanne LeMoine; Lorna Johnson

#### **Cutting Diagram**

(A) 13/4 x 61/2 x 84" Cherry (8.2 bd. ft.) (4 needed)

11/2 x 71/4 x 96" Cherry (10.7 bd. ft.) (2 needed)

\*Plane or resaw to thickness listed in the Materials List.

11/2 x 71/4 x 60" Cherry (6.7 bd. ft.) (2 needed)

3/4 x 51/2 x 96" Cherry (4 bd. ft.)

3/4 x 71/4 x 96" Cherry (5.3 bd. ft.)

3/4 x 71/4 x 96" Cherry (5.3 bd. ft.)

B 3/4 x 71/4 x 72" Cherry (4 bd. ft.) (3 needed)

3/4 x 51/2 x 72" Cherry (3 bd. ft.)

# 2 Techniques for Fast, Accurate Tapers

With these two jigs, you can rip tapers on anything from a footstool leg to a tall bedpost.

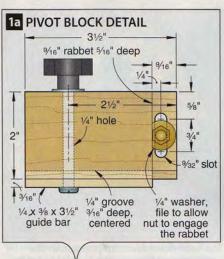
hen it's time to taper furniture legs, an adjustable jig will handle 90 percent of those jobs. But that other pesky 10 percent—such as the 80" posts for the pencil-post bed on page 24—can give you fits. By tailoring a tapering jig to your workpiece though, you'll get consistent results, regardless of its length.

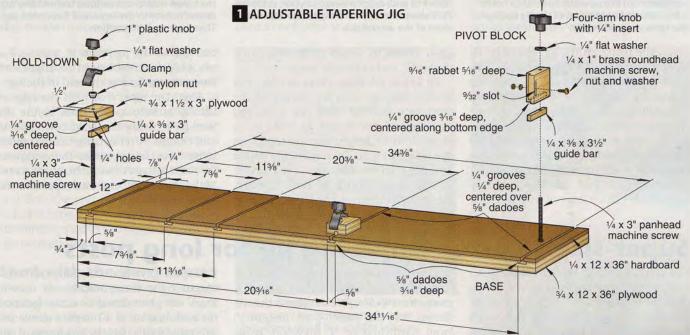
To cut accurate tapers, first make sure your tablesaw fence parallels the blade and the blade aligns 90° to the saw table. A 24-tooth ripping blade helps prevent burn marks. Also, joint and plane all four faces of your workpieces square so they'll index accurately on the jigs. Ready? Let's tackle that 90 percent first.

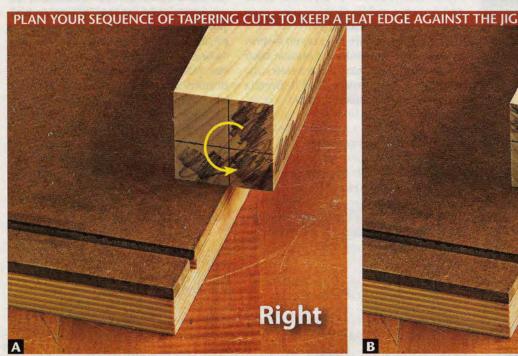
# Build an adjustable jig to handle day-to-day needs

This adjustable tapering jig, **Drawing 1**, holds table or cabinet legs shorter than 34" and up to about 2½" thick. Build the base by cutting grooves in ¾" birch plywood and gluing ½" hardboard to the top to form slots. Make the two movable hold-downs and the pivot block from scraps of hardwood and plywood. (To find the jig hardware, see **Sources**.)

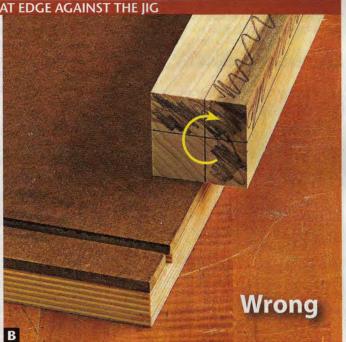
To taper two adjoining faces of a leg blank, first mark the tapers on the sides of the leg [Photos A and B]. Capture the base between the blade and rip fence, and adjust the fence out just a hair to prevent the jig from touching the saw blade. Then set the blade higher than the combined thickness of the jig base and the leg blank.



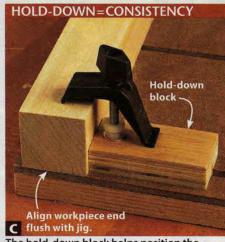




Positioning the workpiece as shown *above* ensures a flat face will rest on the base and against the hold-downs for the second tapering cut.



Cutting the first of two tapers on the leg edge shown *above* would place a tapered edge against the jig base for the second cut.



The hold-down block helps position the workpiece on the jig while the clamp holds it for cutting. Use the end of the jig to align workpieces consistently.

Lay the blank on the jig, aligning the taper marks with the edge of the jig closest to the blade [Photo A and B]. Make the nontapered workpiece end flush with the trailing end of the jig [Photo C]. Slide the hold-down blocks against the workpiece to act as stops, and tighten them down using the nylon nuts. Then secure the blank to the jig with the clamps.

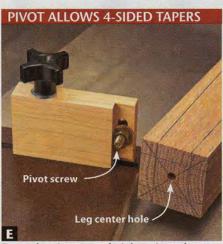
Start the saw, and slide the jig tightly against the fence as you cut the first



The top surface of the jig acts as a backer board to reduce splintering as you cut tapers. This setup allows you to taper two adjoining sides of the workpiece.

taper [**Photo D**]. Then rotate the work-piece 90°, and make the second cut.

To taper all four sides of a leg, you must reference from the center of the workpiece because after two cuts, you no longer have square faces to work from. Start by laying out the tapers on the four leg faces. Then mark the center and diagonal lines between the corners. At that mark, drill a ¼" hole ½" deep. Next place the pivot block into a slot at



To set the pivot screw height, raise or lower the screw until it can be inserted into the leg center hole with the leg blank flat on the jig. Then tighten it in position.

one end of the jig [Photo E], and set the pivot-block screw height to align with the centered hole at the end of the leg.

Align the taper line with the edge of the jig as before, and then secure the workpiece using the hold-down blocks and clamps. After cutting the first taper, loosen the clamps, rotate the workpiece 90°, and reinsert the pivot block screw. Make the second cut, and repeat for the remaining two tapers.

#### Super-size a custom tapering jig for long posts

You could lengthen the adjustable jig to hold almost any size workpiece—even the four 80"-long, 2¾"-thick posts of the pencil-post bed on *page 24*. But you'd seldom need that capacity, and the jig would be cumbersome to use and impossible to store. You're better off tailoring a jig to taper large blanks.

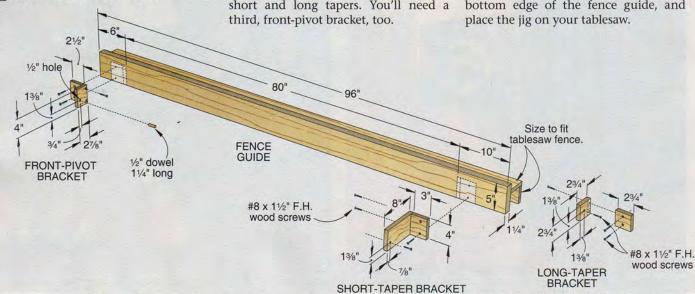
2 SUPER-SIZE TAPERING JIG

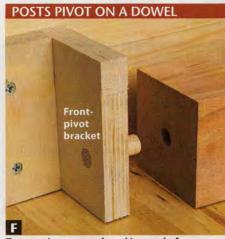
that's about 16" longer than your workpiece to 1¼×5". (We've sized the jig shown for the pencil-post bedposts.) From hardwood or ¾" plywood, make and attach a saddle that captures your tablesaw fence [Drawing 2].

Start by jointing and planing a 2×6

The bedposts have two tapers—short ones at their feet and long ones at their tops—requiring separate brackets for the short and long tapers. You'll need a third, front-pivot bracket, too.

From ¾" plywood, cut, glue, and screw together the three brackets, as shown. Mark the pivot-dowel or screw location on each bracket at a distance above the saw table that's half the thickness of the workpiece (1¾" for the 2¾" square bedpost). The front-pivot dowel should position the workpiece to provide 1" of clearance from the fence guide. Mount the front-pivot bracket flush with the bottom edge of the fence guide, and place the jig on your tablesaw.





To save time, use a dowel instead of a screw to pivot the front of the workpiece. Both the short and long brackets on the opposite end keep the post from pulling free.

To tailor the short- and long-taper brackets for the workpiece tapers you want, first mark taper lines on your workpiece. Drill a ½" hole centered in the end of the workpiece; then place the front-pivot bracket dowel in that hole [Photo F]. Slide the other workpiece end until the marked taper line parallels the fence guide. Measure from the center of the workpiece end to the fence guide, and drill the end for the pivot screw at that distance. Now screw that bracket to the fence guide to provide a snug fit for the workpiece.

#### Start with the short tapers

Attach the short-taper bracket to the fence guide, and then screw the leg to the bracket [Photo G]. To help control the jig, position infeed and outfeed supports in front and back of your tablesaw.

By tapering the foot of the post first, those tapers provide clearance later for long cuts using the long-taper bracket. Cut the first taper for the foot of the post [Photo H]. Then remove the screw, rotate the workpiece 90°, and reinsert the pivot screw. Make the second taper, followed by two more to complete the bedpost foot. Repeat for the remaining posts.

#### **Tackle long tapers**

To cut the long tapers, first replace the short-taper bracket with the long-taper bracket. Screw the foot end of the post to the bracket [Photo I].

Now move the fence to align the workpiece taper lines with the blade, and add both an infeed and outfeed support. Cut the first taper [Photo J], and then rotate the workpiece 90°, keeping an untapered edge against the saw table for the next taper. Repeat for one additional taper, and rotate the workpiece again for the final pass.



Mount the short-taper bracket to the tapering-jig fence guide so the long bracket leg fits tight against the workpiece end. The pivot screw holds it in place.



Cutting the short tapers first allows the post to ride close to the fence guide when cutting long tapers using the smaller bracket.

For the final taper, you no longer have a workpiece edge flat against the saw table. That can allow the workpiece to spin between the centers at the start of the taper when the square section no longer rests on the saw table. To keep the workpiece flat and reduce vibration, double-face-tape a cutoff wedge to the underside of the workpiece to re-create a flat surface flush with the bottom edge of the jig [Photo K]. Remount the jig on your fence, and cut the final taper.

Then find a home in your shop for this jig. By customizing the brackets, you can use it again for the oversize tapered parts on your next project.

#### Sources

**Hold-down.** Kreg Trak Clamp with bolt and knob, #145831, \$5, Woodcraft, 800-225-1153 or woodcraft.com. **Four-arm knob.** With through hole and <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>"-20 insert, #142230, \$2, Woodcraft.

Written by **Bob Wilson** with **Chuck Hedlund** Illustrated by **Roxanne LeMoine**; **Lorna Johnson** 



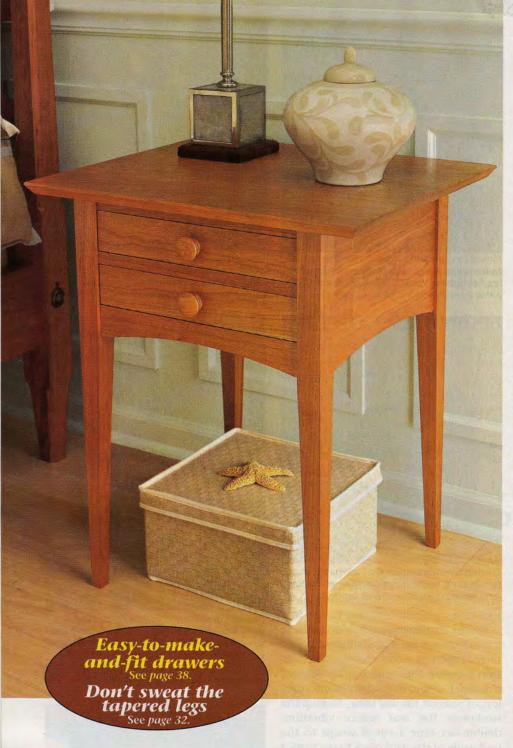
When cutting short tapers, the square portion of the bedpost rests flat on the saw table. Note that the post was mortised and drilled before tapering.



Because of the length of the jig and parts, good infeed and outfeed supports are critical when cutting the long tapers. We used a workbench for infeed support and a table for outfeed support to stabilize the jig and workpiece when cutting long tapers.



Before cutting the final taper, double-face tape a cutoff wedge to the workpiece flush to the bottom jig edge. This stops the workpiece from rotating as it's cut.



# Pretty, Practical Nightstand

Tapered legs lend this nightstand a lithe look, and two generous drawers make it a practical bedside table. Build it on its own or as a companion to the pencil-post bed (page 24).

#### **PROJECT HIGHLIGHTS**

- Overall dimensions are 23" wide × 19½" deep × 26¾" high.
- Materials needed: Cherry, birch plywood.

#### **Skill Builders**

- Learn how to taper two adjacent sides of a leg.
- Build a case with wide mortise-andtenon joints.

he perfect complement to the pencil-post bed (*page 24*), this nightstand is both beautiful and easy to build. For a complete bedroom suite, plan to build the dresser with valet and mirror in issue 188 (December 2008/January 2009) and the lingerie chest in issue 189 (March 2009).

#### Start with the legs

1 Cut the legs (A) to size [Materials List, page 39]. (We used solid stock, but you could laminate two  $\frac{3}{4}$ "-thick boards for the legs.)

**2**Lay out the mortises on the legs (A) [**Drawing 1**]. The front legs differ from the back ones; lay out two of each.

Form the mortises with a mortising machine or by drilling a series of ¼" holes with a drill press [Photo A]. Clean the sides and square the ends with ¾" and ¼" chisels.

Lay out the tapers on the two *inside* faces of the legs (A) [**Drawing 1**]. Draw pencil lines on the bottom of the leg to divide it into quarters, and mark the quarter adjacent to the two outside faces, which remain straight, with an X.

Cut the two tapered sides of the leg (A) on a tablesaw with a tapering jig [Photos B, C]. To cut them on a jig like the one shown, align the taper along the edge of the jig base. Slide the fence up to the leg and secure it. Clamp the leg to the fence. (See *pages 32–35* for more about cutting tapers.)

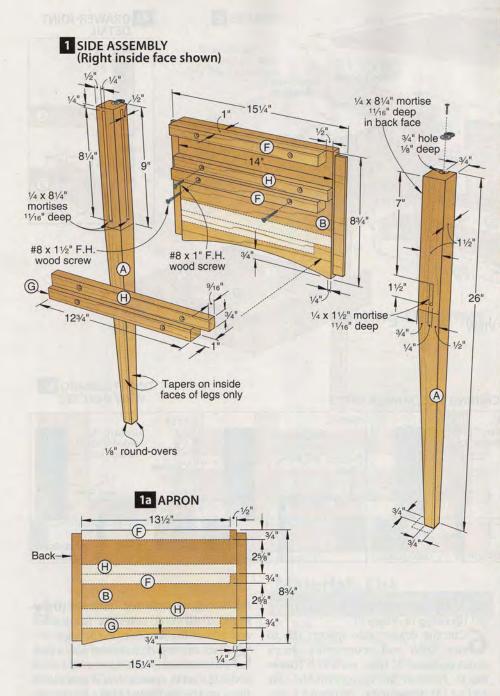
6 Sand the tapered edges to remove the saw marks. Then, finish-sand the legs (A) to 220 grit.

#### The aprons are next

1 Cut the side aprons (B), front apron (C), and back apron (D) to size.

**2**Lay out the tenons on all four aprons (B, C, D) [**Drawing 2**].

34" dado set, in a setup similar to the one shown in **Photos I** and **J** on *page 28*.



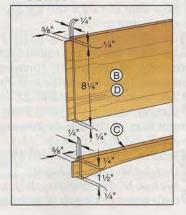
Lay out the arches on the side (B) and front (C) aprons [**Drawings** 1a, 3]. Draw the arches through the endpoints and centerpoint using a fairing stick. (For a free fairing stick plan, go to woodmagazine.com/fairing.)

5 Bandsaw the arches slightly outside the line, and then sand to the line. Finish-sand the aprons (B, C, D).

6 Glue and clamp a front and rear leg (A) to each end of each side apron (B) [Drawing 1], keeping the tops of the legs and the apron flush.

Glue and clamp the side assemblies (A/B) to the front apron (C) and back apron (D) [**Drawing 3**].

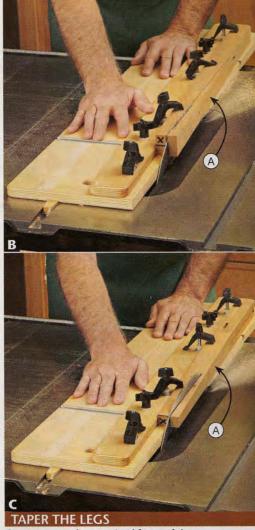
#### 2 APRON TENON DETAIL



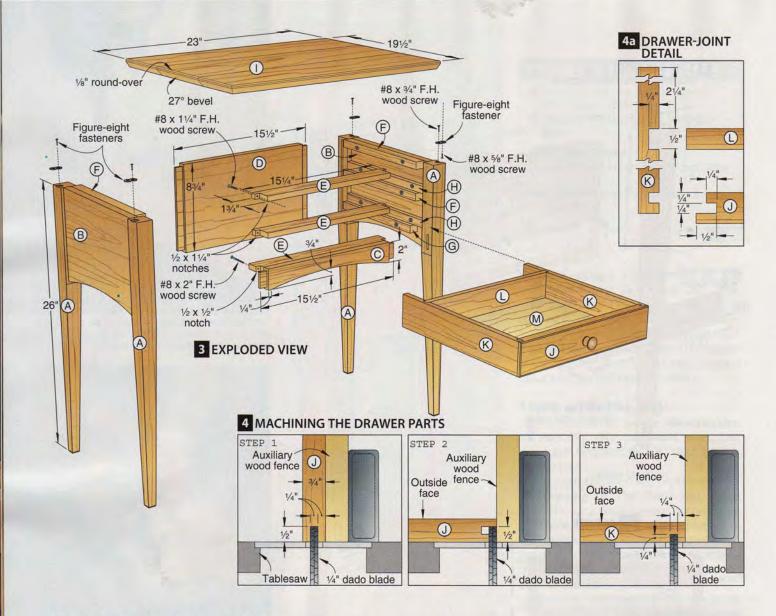


#### **MORTISE THE LEGS**

Set the drill-press fence and depth stop, and drill spaced holes for the mortise. Then drill out the waste between the holes.



Cut tapers on the mortised faces of the legs (A). Make the first cut with the marked quadrant of the foot against the jig fence and on top [Photo B]. Make the second cut with the flat side of the leg on the jig base and the marked quadrant against the fence [Photo C].



#### Make the drawer openings

1 Cut the front rails (E) to size. Bandsaw  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$ " notches on the ends of the two top rails and  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$ " notches on the bottom one [**Drawing 3**].

2Drill and countersink shank holes in the back edge of the front rails (E) [Drawing 3]. (For #8 screws, drill 5/32" shank holes and 7/4" pilot holes.)

Glue and clamp the lower rail (E) flush with the top edge of the front apron (C). Drill pilot holes and drive screws into the legs (A).

Cut four 2%" temporary spacers; then dry-assemble the upper and middle rails (E) with the spacers [**Photo D**]. Ensure that the upper rail sits flush with the top of the side assembly (A/B). Glue and clamp the rails, drill pilot holes, and drive the screws.

**5** Cut the upper (F) and lower drawer supports (G) to size. Drill and countersink shank holes 2" from each end [**Drawing 1**]. Using the temporary spac-

ers, screw the supports to the side aprons (B) [Drawing 1a, Photo E].

**6** Cut the drawer side spacers (H) to size. Drill and countersink shank holes centered 2" from each end [**Drawing 1**]. Position the spacers on the side aprons (B) [**Drawing 1a**], drill pilot holes, and drive the screws [**Photo F**].

#### Top it off

Edge-glue stock for the top (I), and cut the top to size.

2Chuck a 1/8" round-over bit in a handheld router, and round over the upper edge of the top (I) [Drawing 3]. Rout across the grain on the ends first.

Tilt your tablesaw blade 27° from vertical, and cut the bevel along the bottom edge of the top (I) [**Drawing 3**]. Bevel the ends first, then the sides.

Sand the edges to remove tool marks; then finish-sand the top (I).

5 With a ¾" Forstner bit, drill a ¼"-deep recess in the top of each leg (A)

for the figure-eight top fasteners [**Drawing 1**]. Drill pilot holes for the screws, and attach the fasteners to the legs.

Place the top (I) facedown on a padded surface. Then invert the table assembly on it, centered, and mark locations on the underside of the top for the figure-eight fastener screws. Carefully drill pilot holes, then drive the screws.

#### **Build a pair of drawers**

1 Cut the drawer fronts (J), sides (K), backs (L), and bottoms (M) to size [Drawing 5].

Refer to **Drawings 4** and **4a** to machine the drawer fronts (J) and sides (K). Cut a 1/16" rabbet along the bottoms of the drawer fronts [**Drawing 5a**]. Drill the knob holes.

3 Cut the ½" dado in the drawer sides (K) [Drawing 4a] to receive the drawer back (L). Then cut grooves in the front (J) and sides to hold the bottom (M) [Drawing 5].

#### 5 DRAWER Grooves to fit 1/4" plywood 1/4" deep 21/16" from top edge 1/2" dado 1/4" deep K 1/4" dado 1/4" deep (1) 21/16 135/8 M 13 K (J) 141/8" 11/2" wood knob Grooves to fit 1/4" plywood **Cutting Diagram** 1/4" deep 21/16" from top edge M M 5a DRAWER FRONT SECTION VIEW

1/4 x 24 x 48" Birch plywood (E) Outside (A) (A) (C) 3/4 x 71/4 x 96" Cherry (5.3 bd. ft.) (G) B B (D)  $\oplus$ 1/16" rabbet 3/4 x 91/4 x 96" Cherry (6.7 bd. ft.) 1/4" deep \*Plane or resaw to the thickness listed in the Materials List (D) (1) 3/4 x 71/4 x 96" Cherry (5.3 bd. ft.)

Finish-sand the drawer parts. Glue the drawer fronts (J) and backs (L) to the sides (K) [Drawing 5]. Slide the bottoms (M) into the grooves in the sides and fronts, but do not glue them. Square the drawers, and clamp. Attach the bottoms to the backs with wire nails.

#### Finish your nightstand

(J)

-face

1/4"

Inspect the assemblies and touch up the finish-sanding as necessary.

2Stain as desired. (We applied Minwax no. 607 Cherrywood gel stain to match the bed.)

3 Apply a clear finish. (We applied three coats of satin polyurethane, sanding to 320-grit between coats.)

Install the drawer knobs. Then slide the drawers into place.

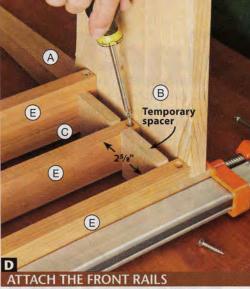
Written by Larry Johnston with Chuck Hedlund Project design: Kevin Boyle Illustrations: Roxanne LeMoine; Lorna Johnson

#### **Materials List**

Pa	rt	T	W	L	Matl.	Qty.
Α	legs	11/2"	11/2"	26"	C	4
В	side aprons	3/4"	83/4"	151/4"	С	2
C	front apron	3/4"	2"	151/2"	C	1
D	back apron	3/4"	83/4"	151/2"	C	1
E	front rails	3/4"	13/4"	151/4"	С	3
F	upper drawer supports	3/4"	1"	131/2"	С	4
G	lower drawer supports	3/4"	1"	123/4"	С	2
Н	drawer side spacers	9/16"	3/4"	14"	С	4
1	top	3/4"	191/2"	23"	EC	1
J	drawer fronts	3/4"	29/16"	141/8"	C	2
K	drawer sides	1/2"	29/16"	151/2"	C	4
L	drawer backs	1/2"	21/16"	135/8"	C	2
М	drawer bottoms	1/4"	13"	135/8"	ВР	2

Materials key: BP-birch plywood, C-cherry, EC-edgeglued cherry.

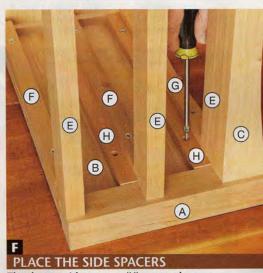
Supplies: #8× 5/8", 3/4", 1", 11/4", 11/2", 2" flathead wood screws, figure-eight fasteners (4), 11/2" wooden knobs (2). Blade and bits: 1/8" round-over bit, rabbeting bit, dado set.



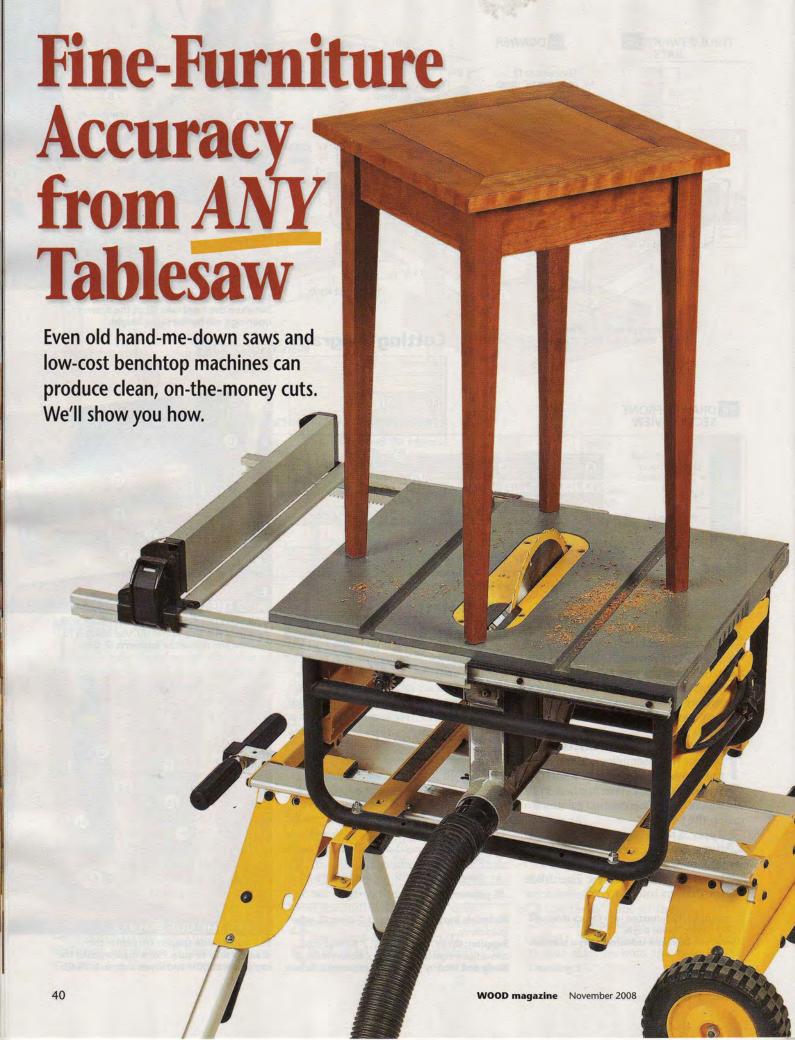
Temporary spacers equalize the distance between the front rails (E) so the drawer openings will be the same height.



Attach the top drawer support (F) flush with the top of the side apron (B). Use spacers to position the rest of the supports (F, G).



The drawer side spacers (H) center the drawers side-to-side. Place them against the top of the middle and lower supports (F, G).



# It's all about the setup

#### **Know the angles**

You'll find the best and least expensive tablesaw accessories at an office supply store, of all places. Invest about \$10 in a couple of plastic drafting triangles. They give you perfect 90°, 45°, 60°, and 30° corners for setting blade angles and miter angles [Photos A and B].

#### Ask for an extension

An extension screwed to the miter-gauge head will improve the quality and accuracy of your cuts. Use a flat length of ¾" plywood, MDF, or hardwood [Photo C].

The extra surface steadies longer stock. An extension that reaches past the blade backs up the cut, preventing tear-out on the back edge of the workpiece.

#### **Keep it down**

If your benchtop saw won't accept a dado blade to cut a rabbet, you need to make a series of cuts and nudge the fence over slightly between passes. The trick

with this method is getting each cut precisely the same depth. **Photo D** shows a simple way to apply consistent pressure downward during each pass.

And here's a bonus tip: Use a rip blade for the best results. Its square-profile raker teeth cut a smooth, flat bottom.

#### Be sneaky; then stop it

It's often smart not to cut to finished size on the first pass. Instead, cut the workpiece slightly oversize; then sneak up on the final dimension for a perfect fit. This works especially well when the piece must fit into an existing opening.

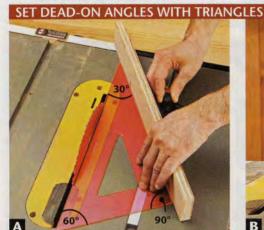
An easy way to sneak up when crosscutting is to use a stopblock. When you can safely hang on to the "keeper" piece, clamp a stopblock to a miter-gauge extension [Photo C]. Nudge the stopblock toward the blade between cuts to get to the desired length. Once the stopblock is positioned, you can cut any number of pieces to identical lengths.

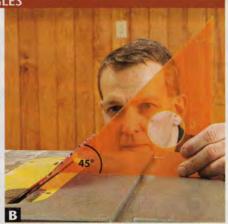
For keeper pieces too short to hang on to, attach the stop to the rip fence [**Photo E**]. The stop creates space for the cutoff to rest safely between the blade and fence without being kicked back. Cut test pieces until you have the rip fence and stopblock set properly.

Cutting sheet goods to size can be a challenge on any size saw. Make the initial cut about 1/8" oversize. This reduces the size of the sheet and makes it easier to handle. Then reposition the rip fence to trim the more manageable panel to finished size.

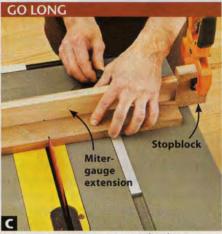


Watch a free video on how to verify tablesaw setups at woodmagazine.com/tssetup

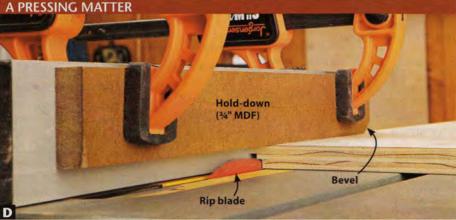




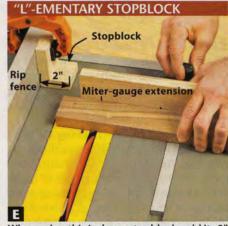
To set a blade angle, raise the blade fully and register the triangle against the body of the blade, not against the teeth. Raising the blade fully gives you the most surface for the triangle to rest against. Lower the blade to the proper cutting height after setting the angle.



A miter-gauge extension steadies long pieces. Clamp a stopblock to the extension to cut several pieces to identical length.



A hold-down prevents the workpiece from rising off the table, ensuring cuts of equal depth. When clamping the hold-down to the fence, use the workpiece as a gauge. Bevel the leading edge of the hold-down to guide the board under it.



When using this L-shape stopblock, add its 2" length to the desired dimension. Set the rip fence to this new measurement.

# 4 jigs that put you a cut above

The most useful tablesaw jigs in the WOOD® magazine shop: our sleds. Each carries a workpiece past the blade to make a precise cut. We build them precisely, ensuring perfect 90° crosscuts

and 45° miters every time. Each of these sleds consists of a base guided by one or two miter-slot guides that fit into the miter-gauge slots.

#### Mighty miter sled

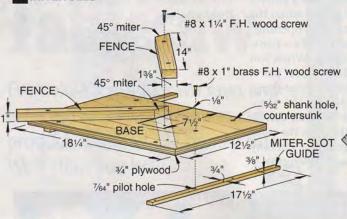
Setting up perfect miter cuts can be time-consuming. With a miter sled, you do it only once, when building the sled.

Cut the pieces for the miter sled to the dimensions shown in **Drawing 1**. After

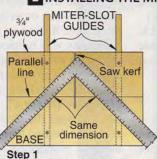
attaching the miter-slot guides, as shown in the **Shop Tip** *below*, put the jig on the tablesaw and cut a kerf 7½" into the base. Then follow the steps in **Drawing 2**, and use double-faced tape to temporarily attach the fences.

Test your setup by miter-cutting four pieces to identical length and dry-fitting them together as a frame. Check for a tight joint at all four corners. If needed, adjust the fences. Then screw them down in their final positions.

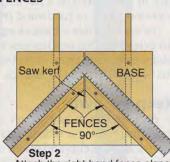
#### 1 MITER SLED



#### 2 INSTALLING THE MITER FENCES



Step 1
Draw a line across the base parallel to its front edge. Center the inside corner of a framing square on the kerf and rotate it until the same dimension on both legs of the square intersects the parallel line.

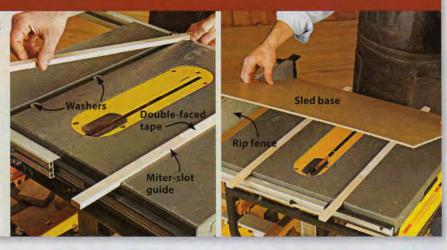


Attach the right-hand fence along one leg of the framing square and the left face against the other.

#### **SHOP TIP**

#### Washers ease guide placement

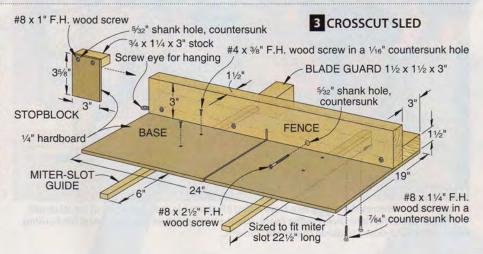
To precisely mount miter-slot guides to a sled, first place a couple of washers in each miter-gauge slot. Then set the guides on top of them, as shown at *right*. The guides should sit just above the surface of the tablesaw. If they don't, add another washer or two. Put a strip of double-faced tape on top of each guide. Use the rip fence to help squarely position the base as you lower it onto the guides, as shown at *far right*. Press the base firmly onto the guides; then carefully remove the base with the guides attached. Now screw the guides in place.



#### Zero-clearance crosscut sled

The base of this sled is ¼" hardboard so you don't lose much cutting depth. Because there's no gap between the base and blade, it yields chip-free cuts on the underside of your workpiece.

Cut the base to size [**Drawing 3**]. Then attach the miter-slot guides, as shown in the **Shop Tip** *above*. After attaching the fence, set the saw blade just over ¼" high. Place the jig on the saw and make a cut that stops when the highest point of the blade reaches the front edge of the fence. Glue the blade guard to the rear of the fence in line with the saw kerf.



Joinery jig

Tight-fitting joints are a snap on any saw when using this jig. Use it to cut tenons, half-laps, and bridle joints [Drawing 4].

Start by cutting a 161/8×10" blank for the stationary and sliding bases [**Drawing 5**]. Cut grooves the length of the blank for the keys;

then divide the blank into  $8\times10$ " pieces.

To make the slots for the locking knobs, drill a series of holes in the sliding base centered over each dado. Remove the remaining waste and smooth each slot with a chisel. Then glue and screw the brace and face to the sliding base. Make certain the face and base are perpendicular.

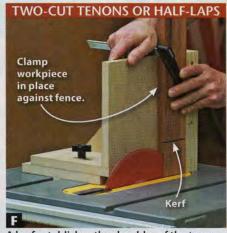
Cut the keys from hardwood to fit the dadoes. Dry-fit the bases together with their edges flush and the keys in the dadoes. Make a mark on each key by pressing an awl through each slot at the end closest to the blade. Drill holes at these marks and countersink the bottom of the hole. Then use epoxy to secure the machine screws in their holes. Now

you can glue the keys into the dadoes in the stationary base.

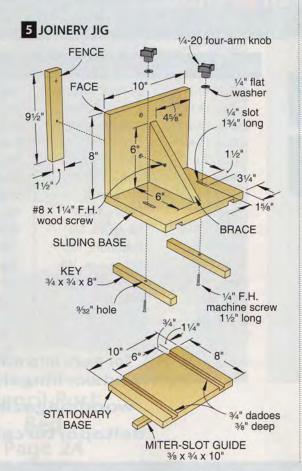
Position the miter-slot guide, as shown in the **Shop Tip** opposite. Assemble the sliding and stationary bases so the machine screws are at the end of the slots farthest from the blade. Position the sliding base against the blade and bring the rip fence up to help square up the opposite edge of the jig. Press the jig onto the miter-slot guide, then lift the jig and screw the guide in place.

To cut tenons or halflaps, see **Photo F**. For a bridle joint, cut the tenon first. Then to make the open mortise, position the jig to make a cut roughly centered on the thickness of the workpiece. Make a cut, flip the workpiece face for face, and make another cut. Move the sliding base away from the blade and repeat the process until the joint fits together snugly.

# 4 THREE HARD-WORKING JOINTS Cheek Shoulder Mortise HALF-LAP MORTISE & TENON



A kerf establishes the shoulder of the tenon or half-lap. Adjust the blade and position the jig to make an intersecting cut.



#### No-tilt bevel sled

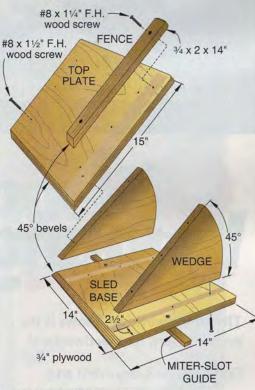
The jig shown in **Drawing 6** helps you cut precise 45° bevels without having to tilt the blade — a real advantage on a benchtop saw where fine-tuning blade tilt can be difficult.

Start by cutting the 45° bevel along one edge of the sled base. Return the blade to 90° and place the miter-slot guide into the miter slot, as shown in the **Shop Tip** opposite. Butt the beveled edge of the base against the body of the blade, then remove the base and screw the miter-slot guide in place.

Attach the wedges using the beveled edge of the base as a guide. Now you can screw the top plate to the wedges and the fence to the top plate. With the blade at 90°, trim the top plate and fence.

To prevent workpieces from sliding down toward the blade during a cut, always clamp the workpiece to the top plate and tight to the fence.

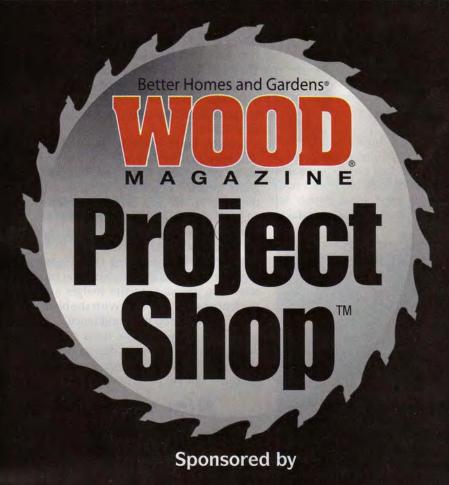
#### 6 BEVEL SLED



Written by Craig Ruegsegger
Illustrations: Roxanne LeMoine; Lorna Johnson

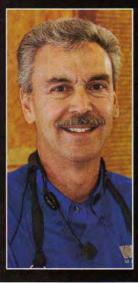


Watch a free video of the miter sled being built at woodmagazine.com/mitersled

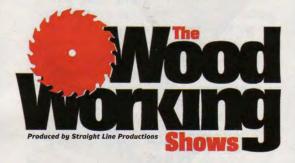


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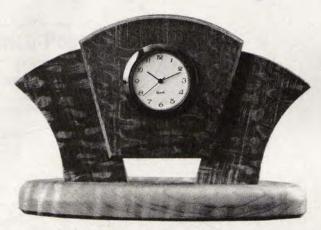
# WOOD, PATTERNS

November 2008

Issue 187

Dear Reader: As a service to you, we've included full-size patterns on this insert for irregular shaped and intricate project parts. You can machine all other project parts using the Materials List and the drawings accompanying the project you're building.

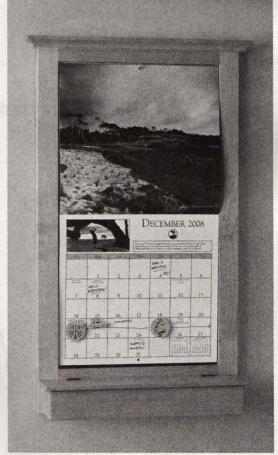
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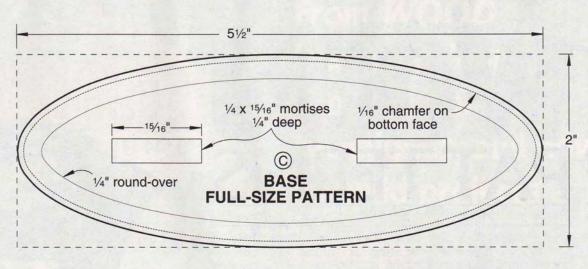


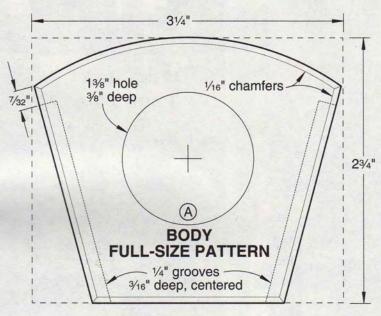
Pencil-Post Bed Page 24

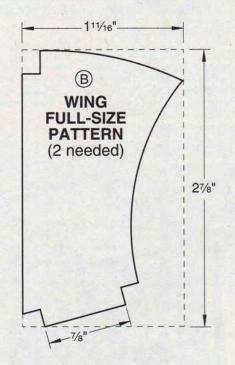


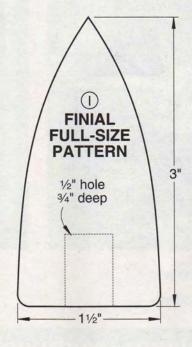
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## Desk Clock Page 74

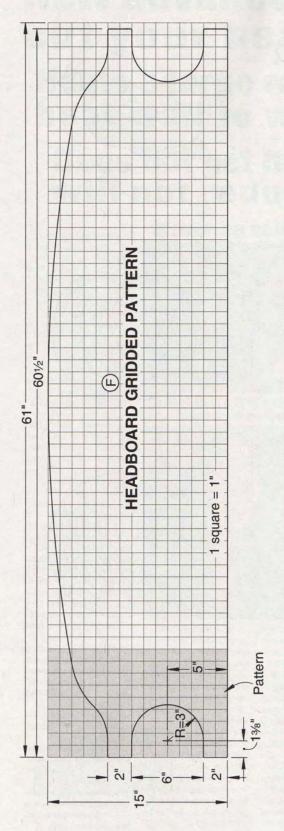




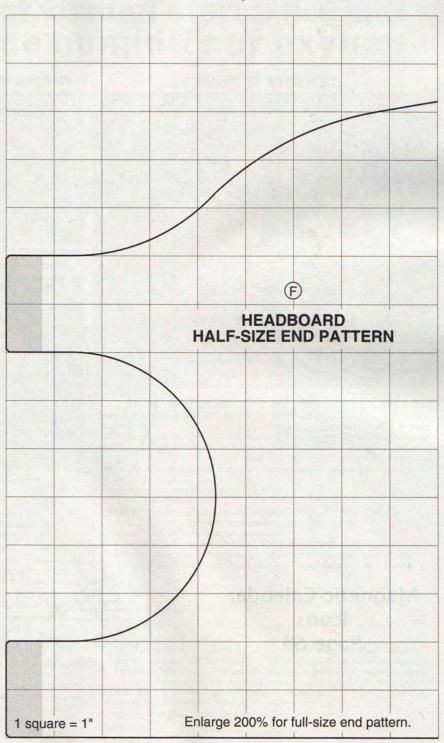




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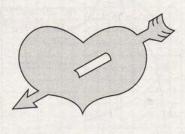


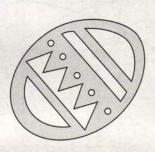
### Pencil-Post Bed Page 24





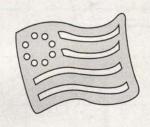








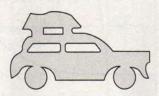


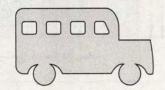






Magnetic-Calendar Icons Page 68





### AS HEARD ON PAUL HARVEY NEWS

# New advanced portable heater can cut your heating bill up to 50%

# Heats a large room in minutes with even heat wall to wall and floor to ceiling

# Does not get hot, cannot start a fire and will not reduce humidity or oxygen

A new advanced quartz infrared portable heater, the EdenPURE™, can cut your heating bills by up to 50%.

You have probably heard about the remarkable Eden-PURE™ as heard on Paul Harvey News and on television features across the nation.

The EdenPURE™ can pay for itself in a matter of weeks and then start putting a great deal of extra money in your pocket after that.

A major cause of residential fires in the United States is portable heaters. But the EdenPURE™ cannot cause a fire. That is because the quartz infrared heating element never gets to a temperature that can ignite anything.

The outside of the Eden-PURE™ only gets warm to the touch so that it will not burn children or pets. Pets can sleep on it when it is operating without harm.

The advanced space-age EdenPURE™ Quartz Infrared Portable Heater also heats the room evenly, wall-to-wall and floor-to-ceiling. And, as you know, portable heaters only heat an area a few feet around the heater.

Unlike other heating sources, the EdenPURE™ cannot put poisonous carbon monoxide into a room or any type of fumes or any type of harmful radiation.

#### Q. What is the origin of this amazing heating element in the EdenPURE™?

A. This advanced heating element was discovered accidentally by a man named John Jones.

#### Q. What advantages does infrared quartz tube heating source have over other heating source products?

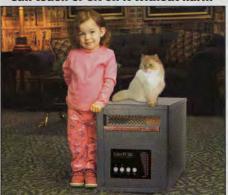
A. John Jones designed his heating source around the three most important consumer benefits: economy, comfort, and safety.

In the EdenPURE™ system, electricity is used to generate infrared light which, in turn, creates a very safe heat.

Never be cold again



Cannot start a fire; a child or animal can touch or sit on it without harm



After a great deal of research and development, very efficient infrared heat chambers were developed that utilize three unique patented solid copper heat exchangers in one Eden-PURE™ heater.

#### Q. How can a person cut their heating bill by up to 50% with the EdenPURE<sup>™</sup>?

A. The EdenPURE™ will heat a room in minutes. Therefore, you can turn the heat down in your house to as low as 50 degrees, but the room you are occupying, which has the EdenPURE™, will be warm and comfortable. The EdenPURE™ is portable. When you move to another room, it will quickly heat that room also. This can drastically cut heating bills, in some instances, by up to 50%.

The EdenPURE™ comes in 2 models. GEN3 Model

500 heats a room up to 300 square feet and GEN3 Model 1000 heats a room up to 1,000 square feet.

#### End of interview.

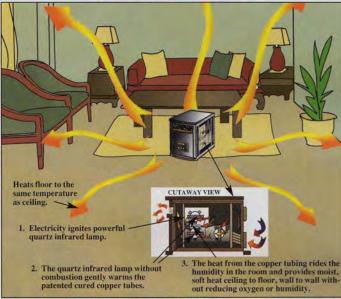
The EdenPURE™ will pay for itself in weeks. It will put a great deal of extra money in a users pocket. Because of today's spiraling gas, oil, propane, and other energy costs, the EdenPURE™ will provide even greater savings as the time goes by.

Readers who wish can obtain the EdenPURE™ Quartz Infrared Portable Heater at a \$75 discount if they order in the next 10 days. Please see the Special Readers Discount Coupon on this page. For those readers ordering after 10 days from the date of this publication, we reserve the right to either accept or reject order requests at the discounted price.

Account No.

Signature

**How it works:** 



#### SPECIAL READER'S DISCOUNT COUPON

The price of the EdenPURE™ GEN3 Model 500 is \$372 plus \$17 shipping for a total of \$389 delivered. The GEN3 Model 1000 is \$472 plus \$27 shipping and handling for a total of \$499 delivered. People reading this publication get a \$75 discount with this coupon and pay only \$297 delivered for the GEN3 Model 500 and \$397 delivered for the GEN3 Model 1000 if you order within 10 days. The EdenPURE™ comes in the decorator color of black with burled wood accent which goes with any decor. There is a strict limit of 3 units at the discount price - no exceptions please.

Check below which model and number you want:

☐ GEN3 Model 500, number \_\_\_\_ ☐ GEN3 Model 1000, number \_

 To order by phone, call TOLL FREE 1-800-588-5608 Ext. EPH8065. Place your order by using your credit card. Operators are on duty 24 hours, 7 days.

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enturies ago, someone bred a horse with a donkey to produce the mule—a hybrid that packs strength and durability into a midsize package. Fast-forward to the late 20th century, when power-tool manufacturers crossbred 3-hp cabinet tablesaws with 11/2-hp open-leg contractor saws. The resulting hybrid saws typically look like cabinet saws (with dust- and noisecapturing closed bases) but perform and adjust more like contractor saws. Most hybrid saws are priced between deluxe contractor saws (\$700) and bare-bones cabinet saws (\$1,200), although two hybrids in this test come in north of the

\$1,200 mark. So with these machines borrowing features from both "parents," do they really provide you with the best of both worlds?

To find out, we gathered 10 models for head-to-head testing. We also tested two 3-hp cabinet saws that fall into the price range of these hybrids. Using new Freud 10" blades on each saw, we ripped, crosscut, mitered, and beveled solid red oak and birch plywood, just as you would in your own shop. In some respects, we found vast differences between the saws, and in others, it became a toss-up as to which unit performed best. Read on to find out how they fared.

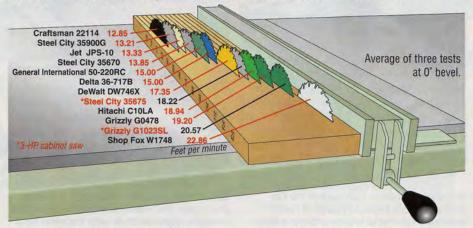
A catchy title means nothing without power

Each of the hybrids has a 110-volt induction motor, rated from 1½ to 2 hp, mounted below the blade. To test each model's true power, we outfitted them with identical full-kerf 24-tooth blades, then ripped 2"-thick red oak as fast as each saw could handle, at 0° and 45° bevels. As shown in the chart on the next page, the Shop Fox W1748 demonstrated the most power, as it breezed through the wood without bogging down. It even bested two 3-hp saws.

Grizzly's G0478, a near twin to the Shop Fox, finished second among

### **Shop Fox Dominates Power Test**

We tested each saw's power and cutting speed by ripping 2"-thick red oak with identical Freud 24-tooth blades, pushing the wood as fast as each machine could handle it.



hybrids, 3½ feet per minute off the pace, with the Hitachi C10LA and DeWalt DW746X close behind. The 1½"-wide drive belts on the three top-performing saws (including the 3-hp Grizzly G1023SL) seem to transfer power better from the motor to the blade.

Four saws cut only about half as fast as the Shop Fox. Although these models don't have the power of the leaders, they still cut everything we threw at them when we reduced the feed rate. As with a contractor saw, these hybrids will cut faster using thin-kerf blades.

# Sturdy fence, miter gauge will be your best friends

All of the saws feature T-square-style fences. We liked the Steel City 35670's Deluxe Fence best because it deflected the least (.0033") during tough rip cuts. It has UHMW sideboards, slides easily along the rail, and locks solidly in place. Jet's ProShop aluminum fence features two T-slots on top—handy for mounting accessories—and finished second in the deflection test at .004". Delta finished third (.005"), followed by Hitachi (.0053"), and DeWalt (.006").

We like the matching Aluma-Classic fences on the Grizzly and Shop Fox for their features-T-slots on each face, a scale marked in 1/32" increments over its full length, and a magnifying cursorbut they deflected 0.0077" and 0.009" (sixth and seventh, respectively) in the test. When using a properly aligned blade guard or splitter, you likely won't notice a problem with this amount of fence deflection. But when we ripped on these saws with no guard or splitter, the workpiece cutoff wandered into the back teeth of the blade slightly and resulted in a little spray of sawdust back toward us. Greater amounts of deflection could

create potential kickback when you don't use the splitter.

The miter gauges are all basic units, with stops at 0° and 45°. We give a slight edge to those that use a retractable pin (Craftsman, General International, Jet, and Steel City) to contact the adjustable stops. The pins provide a more stable bearing surface than the wobbly flip-up metal tabs of the other miter gauges.

# A QUICK CHANGE OF THE GUARD Splitter

Guards on Steel City and Craftsman saws slide into a tension clip inside the throat and over a bolt on the back. No tools required.

# More findings that should help shape your decision

- Safety guards. Like the manufacturers, we encourage you to use your blade guard and splitter. Because most prove difficult to remove and replace, you might be tempted to leave them off. Fortunately, Steel City and Craftsman saws have quick-release systems [Photo A], which eliminate the hassle. The General International and Steel City's granite-top 35900G have separate riving knives [Photo B], for use when you need to remove the guard. These riving knives mount behind the blades to maintain the kerf openings and prevent kickback, but do not shield you from the blade.
- **Dust collection.** The enclosed bases keep most of the dust out of your shop's air, but not all the debris goes into your dust collector. The DeWalt outperformed the pack in spite of its open back and bottom, thanks to a shroud around the blade [**Photo C**]. Hitachi's hopper-shaped bottom worked well to corral dust [**Photo D**]. The others allowed much dust to build up in the corners of the cabinet.

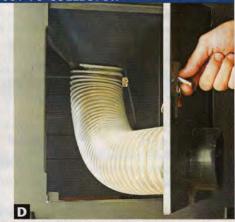


A riving knife, like this one on the General International hybrid, keeps the blade kerf open and prevents kickback.

### BUILT-IN COMPONENTS CHANNEL DUST TO COLLECTOR

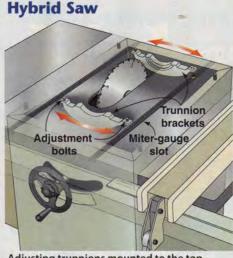


DeWalt's blade shroud captures dust at the point of cut and funnels it to a 2½" port and your shop vacuum or dust collector.



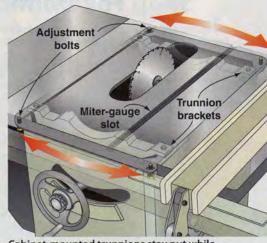
Dust falls downward from the blade to the hopper in Hitachi's cabinet, and into the 4" port in the center of the hopper.

- Aligning the tabletop to the blade. Kudos to Craftsman and Steel City for their cabinet-mounted trunnions, far right, that make it easy to align the miter slots to the blade. The other saws' trunnions mount directly to the underside of the tabletop, near right. They require loosening four to six bolts inside the cabinet, while you move the trunnion to make the adjustment—not an easy task in many.
- **Switches.** These come in two types, magnetic or mechanical. We prefer magnetic switches with large paddles over the "off" button. A magnetic switch prevents the machine from restarting if there is a power outage during a cut.



Adjusting trunnions mounted to the top proves difficult because you must reach inside the cabinet to loosen and move them.

#### **Cabinet Saw**



Cabinet-mounted trunnions stay put while you loosen the bolts and pivot the table from above to align the blade with the miter slot.

# A close-up look at the hybrids (Note: mobile bases not included)

#### Craftsman 22114, \$750

#### 800-383-4814, craftsman.com High Points

- The safety guard easily mounts and dismounts with no tools.
- The power switch mounts anywhere along the fence rail.
- Setscrews make leveling table extension wings easy, a big plus when assembling the machine.
- The trunnions mount to the cabinet rather than the top, making it easy to align the top to the blade.

# CRAFTINGS

#### **Low Points**

- The aluminum rip fence deflected 0.027"—the most in our test—despite front and rear clamps.
- It was the slowest-cutting and loudest saw in the test.

#### **More Points**

- Centered fence rails provide a little over 25" rip capacity left of the blade (most in the test) and right of the blade (least in the test). Also, we found the rip fence microadjuster difficult to use.
- You must take the arbor washer off the arbor for dado widths greater than 11/16".

#### General International 50-220RC, \$1,575

Its triangular miter gauge was difficult to use and set accurately.

The blade guard must be held or propped up while changing blades.

At 86 decibels, it's one of the quietest saws in the test.

The rip fence deflected little during cuts.

#### 888-949-1161, general.ca High Points

Delta 36-717B, \$1,100

Its large off-switch was easy

A support leg and melamine-

Beefy handwheels ease blade

coated particleboard extension wing are standard equipment.

adjustments and lock solidly.

The bevel-scale cursor sits close to the scale for the easiest

to reach and bump with a leg.

**High Points** 

setting of angles.

**Low Points** 

800-223-7278, deltaportercable.com

- One of only two tested saws with a riving knife (if you choose to remove the blade guard).
- The arbor lock makes onewrench blade changes quick and easy.
- ★ Its large off-switch was easy to reach and bump with a leg.

#### **Low Points**

- We could not correctly calibrate the digital bevel display with the blade.
- Despite a blade shroud and 2½" hose that connects to the 4" port, dust collection proved no better than models without a shroud.

#### **More Points**

- The rip fence was solid and held with little deflection, but at 21/8" tall, it's the shortest fence in the test by nearly 1/2".
- Because the heavy-duty arbor assembly rides vertically on four columns rather than a cantilevered arm, it's more difficult to raise the blade.
- With an aluminum rip fence, the price drops to \$1,470.

#### DeWalt DW746X, \$1,200

#### 800-433-9258, dewalt.com High Points

- In spite of having the only open cabinet back, it provided the best dust collection, thanks to its blade shroud and 2½" funneled dust port.
- ★ It exhibited above-average power, outmuscling six of its peers during heavy test cuts.
- At about 40×55", this saw has the most compact footprint without sacrificing rip capacity.

#### **Low Points**

- Its power switch is small and hard to reach, especially with a knee or thigh.
- When making bevel cuts, the blade moved from its setting unless locked.
- The rip fence proved difficult to adjust parallel to the blade, and you must move the single sideboard to the opposite face for left-of-blade rips.

### "If I'm willing to spend \$1,000 on a hybrid...

...should I instead get a 3-hp saw for about the same money?" To find out, we tested two comparably priced 3-hp tablesaws: Grizzly's G1023SL and Steel City's 35675. Both need 220-volt power and have a few similarities (left-tilting arbor, UHMW-faced T-square-style rip fences, cabinet-mounted trunnions for easier top-to-blade alignment, and magnetic switches). The saws also displayed about equal power, with the Grizzly cutting at 20.57 fpm in 2"-thick red oak and the Steel City cutting 18.22. But both saws trailed the 2-hp Shop Fox W1748 hybrid in our testing.

The G1023SL sells for \$995 equipped for 30" rip capacity. You get a miter gauge, but no saw blade or plug for the power cord. The 35675 sells for \$1,200 with 30" rip capacity.

With that you get a 40-tooth blade, miter gauge, and a table-wing extension. You can upgrade each machine's fence rails for 50" rip capacity.

The bottom line: These tablesaws don't quite have the oomph of pricier cabinet saws, such as a Delta Unisaw or Powermatic 66, but they're not bad. As

Grizzly G1023SL Steel City 35675

for the choice between these or a hybrid, we say get three horses if you're wired for 220. The Steel City 35675 has the edge in capacities and standard equipment, but for \$200 less we'd opt for the performance advantage from the Grizzly G1023SL. (See the bottom rows of the chart on the *next pages* for a head-to-head comparison.)

#### **Grizzly G0478, \$775**

#### 800-523-4777, grizzly.com High Points

- This saw proved the second most powerful hybrid in the test, and it runs smoothly with only slight vibration.
- It has the greatest capacity for crosscuts (13%") with the miter gauge resting on the top.
- We like its aluminum rip fence with T-slots on each side and a magnifying cursor.



#### **Low Points**

- This power-hungry saw requires a dedicated 20- or 30-amp circuit (depending on the gauge of wire used) for 110 volts to avoid tripping a breaker.
- Despite many attempts, we couldn't get the miter slot and blade parallel (.004" off was the best we could do; we strived for half that).
- It does not come with a plug for the power cord or a saw blade.

#### **More Points**

- It has a magnetic power switch, but the off-switch is smaller than most and hard to locate with a leg.
- Although the handwheels crank easily, it takes more than 46 revolutions to fully raise the blade—more than twice as many turns as most of the saws tested.

#### Jet JPS-10, \$950

#### 800-274-6848, jettools.com

#### **High Points**

- ts sturdy aluminum rip fence held securely with only slight deflection and has the best magnifying cursor on the scale.
- Its large off-switch was easy to reach and bump with a leg.
- The arbor lock makes one-wrench blade changes quick and easy.

#### **Low Points**

- It ranked among the least powerful saws in the test.
- It has the smallest capacity for crosscuts (10½") with the miter gauge resting on the tabletop.

#### **More Points**

Although its cabinet does not extend fully to the floor, it is enclosed and provided respectable dust collection.

#### Hitachi C10LA, \$1,000

#### 800-829-4752, hitachipowertools.com High Points

- ◆ Despite a 1½-hp motor, this saw outpowered beefier saws.
- The included small outfeed table proved handy and effective.
- Microadjusters on the rip fence proved accurate and easy to use.

#### **Low Points**

- Its power switch is small and hard to reach.
- You must remove the

outfeed table, six hexhead bolts, and the back panel to access the motor and trunnions for adjustments.

- We could not get all the detents on the miter gauge set accurately.
- The blade guard must be held or propped up while changing blades, and the narrow throat opening makes blade changes more difficult.

#### **More Points**

There's no lock on the blade height handwheel, although we never had problems with the blade slipping.

#### Shop Fox W1748, \$980

#### 800-840-8420, shopfox.biz High Points

- Far and away, this saw proved the most powerful in the test, and it ran smoothly with only slight vibration.
- We like its aluminum rip fence with T-slots on each side and a magnifying cursor.

#### **Low Points**

This power-hungry saw

requires a dedicated 20- or 30-amp circuit (depending on the gauge of wire used) for 110 volts to avoid tripping a breaker.

- Bolt placement made adjusting the trunnions more difficult than most when aligning the top parallel to the blade.
- It does not come with a plug for the power cord or a saw blade.

#### **More Points**

- It has a magnetic power switch, but the off-switch is smaller than most and hard to locate with a leg.
- Although the handwheels turn easily, it takes more than 43 revolutions to fully raise the blade.



#### Steel City 35900G, \$1,250

#### 877-724-8665, steelcitytoolworks.com High Points

- This model has a 2"-thick, perfectly flat and smooth solid-granite top that delivered best-in-test vibration dampening.
- The safety guard easily mounts and dismounts with no tools.
- You have two riving knives (tall/full kerf and short/thin kerf) to choose from when not using the blade guard.
- ts large off-switch was easy to reach and bump with a leg.
- The trunnions mount to the cabinet rather than the tabletop, making it easy to align the top to the blade.
- At 84 decibels, it's the quietest saw in the test.



#### **Low Points**

It ranked among the least powerful saws.

#### **More Points**

- The industrial rip fence locked solidly and slid smoothly, but exhibited the second most deflection (0.0097") in the test.
- You must leave the arbor washer off the arbor for dado widths greater than 11/16".

#### Steel City 35670, \$1,100

#### 877-724-8665, steelcitytoolworks.com High Points

- ─ We rate this model's rip fence best-in-class because it showed almost no deflection, locks solidly, glides easily on the rail, and has a scale marked in inches and centimeters.
- The safety guard easily mounts and dismounts with no tools.
- ◆ Built-in setscrews make it easy to level the castiron wings to the table during assembly.
- ★ It had the only cast-iron table that was perfectly flat and did not need shimming.
- ★ Its large off-switch was easy to reach and bump with a leg.
- The trunnions mount to the cabinet, making it easy to align the top to the blade.

		1	MOTOR		DIMENSION	S, INCHES		C	APACIT	IES, IN	CHES		
HYBRID TABLESAWS	MODEL	RATED HORSEPOWER	VOLTAGE	TYPE OF DRIVE BELT (1)	OVERALL, H×D×W WITH RIP FENCE AND BLADE GUARD	TABLETOP, D×W	FRONT OF TABLE TO BLADE	MAX. RIP, LEFT OF BLADE	MAX. RIP, RIGHT OF BLADE	MAX. CUTTING HEIGHT AT 90°	MAX. CUTTING HEIGHT AT 45°	MAX. DADO BLADE WIDTH (2)	
CRAFTSMAN	22114	11/2	110/220	F	39 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ×42 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ×66 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	27×401/8	129/16	25%16	255/8	35/16	23/8	11/16	
DELTA	36-717B	13/4	110/220	F	381/8×46×641/8	27×54%16	13	141/2	295/8	31/8	21/4	13/16	
DEWALT	DW746X	13/4	110/220	R	39 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> × 37 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> × 55 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	27 × 40 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	121/8	1315/16	28	3	23/16	13/16	
GENERAL INTERNATIONAL	50-220RC	11/2	110/220	F	39 <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> × 40 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> × 60 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	27×44	115/16	145/16	289/16	3	25/32	13/16	
GRIZZLY	G0478	2	110/220	F	39 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> × 47 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> × 60	27×395/8	133/8	77/16	293/4	31/4	23/16	13/16	
HITACHI	C10LA	11/2	110/220	٧	42½×38½×65½16	271/8×401/4	125/16	183/8	307/16	35/16	21/4	13/16	
JET	JPS-10	13/4	110/220	R	40 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> × 37 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> × 59 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	27×44	109/16	109/16	317/8	33/8	23/8	13/16	
SHOP FOX	W1748	2	110/220	F	39 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ×47 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ×60	27 × 395/8	135/16	75/8	299/16	31/8	23/16	13/16	
STEEL CITY	35670	13/4	110/220	F	395/8×451/4×621/4	27×561/8	125/8	121/8	295/8	35/16	27/16	11/16	
STEEL CITY	35900G	13/4	110/220	F	41½×42¾×645/16	27×561/8	1 1 13/16	14	301/4	33/8	23/8	11/16	
3-HP CABINET TABLESAWS	1737										1020	27710	
GRIZZLY	G1023SL	3	220	3V	38½×46½×55½13/16	27×40½16	123/8	81/16	2513/16	231/32	21/8	15/16	
STEEL CITY	35675	3	220	F	39½×42¾×64¾16	27×561/8	121/2	139/16	30%16	33/16	25/16	11/16	

- 1. (F) Flat multi-ribbed
  - (R) Ribbed V-belt
  - (V) Standard V-belt
  - (3V) 3 V-belts
- 2. Measured with arbor washer on and nut tightened fully onto arbor threads.
- 3. (A) Aluminum
  - (M) Melamine
  - (U) UHMW
- 4. (MA) Magnetic
  - (ME) Mechanical

- 5. (1) Single wrench
  - (1L) Single wrench with arbor lock
  - (2) Two wrenches
- 6. A Excellent
  - B Good
  - C Fair
  - NA Blade not included



#### **Low Points**

- It ranked among the least powerful saws in the test.
- The blade flutters a little side to side as it coasts down, opening the zero-clearance kerf slightly.

#### **More Points**

You must leave the arbor washer off the arbor for dado widths greater than 11/16".

## Put your money toward the power

None of these saws has a flaw so significant that we'd warn you to steer clear of it, but many turned out to be little more than closed-base contractor saws. So we put greater emphasis on power, and that's why the Shop Fox W1748 gets the nod as Top Tool. It not only outpowered the other hybrids, it also humbled two 3-hp saws. The W1748 vibrated a barely noticeable amount, and has a durable aluminum T-square fence, accurate bevel stops, and large, easy-turning handwheels with solid locks.

Written by **Bob Hunter** with **Craig Ruegsegger** Illustrations: **Tim Cahill** 

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-	HANDV	VHEELS													NCE RATINGS (6)										ACCESSORIES	(10)						
	111		1					Р	RIM	AR	Y			H				SE	CON	IDAI	RY											
	REVOLUTIONS REQUIRED TO RAISE BLADE TO FULL HEIGHT	REVOLUTIONS REQUIRED TO TILT BLADE TO 45°	RIP FENCE SIDEBOARD MATERIAL (3)	TYPE OF ON/OFF SWITCH (4)	BLADE CHANGE METHOD (5)	POWER (7)	OVERALL QUALITY OF RIP FENCE	ABSENCE OF FENCE DEFLECTION (8)	ABSENCE OF VIBRATION	<b>EASE OF ALIGNING TABLE AND BLADE</b>	<b>EASE OF ADJUSTING FENCE TO BLADE</b>	<b>EFFECTIVENESS OF SAFETY GUARDS</b>	<b>EASE OF REACHING ON/OFF SWITCH</b>		QUALITY OF MITER GAUGE	EASE OF CHANGING BLADES	EASE OF ADJUSTING BEVEL STOPS	ACCURACY OF BEVEL SCALE	ACCURACY OF RIP FENCE SCALE	DUST COLLECTION (9)	EASE OF ADJUSTING WINGS TO TOP	EASE OF REMOVING BLADE GUARD	EASE OF USING HANDWHEELS	QUALITY OF INCLUDED BLADE	STANDARD	OPTIONAL	NOISE LEVEL, DECIBELS	WEIGHT, LBS	CORD LENGTH, FEET	WARRANTY, YEARS (11)	COUNTRY OF ASSEMBLY (12)	SELLING PRICE (13)
	181/2	31	Α	ME	2	В	B-	C-	В	A	В	B-	Α		b+	a	a	b	а	b-	a	a	a	b	B,F,M		95	315	8	1	C	\$750
	18	311/2	М	ME	2	B+	B+	A-	В	В	В	B-	Α		c	b+	a	b	a	b+	a	b	a	b	B,E,F,M	R	86	315	8	2	C	\$1,100
	211/2	221/2	Α	ME	2	A-	B+	A-	В	В	В	B-	C+		b-	b	a	С	a	a-	a	С	b-	b	B,F,M	R	94	276	8	3	C	\$1,200
	19	42	М	ME	1L	B+	A-	В	В	В	В	В	Α		b	а	a	b-	a	b-	b	b+	b	b	B,F,M	R	87	330	10	2	Т	\$1,575*
	461/2	501/2	Α	MA	1	A-	A-	B+	A-	B-	Α	B-	B-		b-	b	a	b+	a	b	b	c	a	na	F,M	R	89	316	10	1	C	\$775
	23	16	Α	ME	1L	Α-	A-	<b>A</b> -	A-	В	В	B-	C+		b	b	С	a-	a	a-	b	b+	b	b	B(2),F,M		92	275	63/4	2	C	\$1,000
	341/2	38	Α	ME	1L	В	A	A	A-	В	A	B-	B-		b	a	a	b+	a	b+	b	b+	b	na	F,M	R	92	297	6	5	C	\$950
	431/2	491/2	Α	MA	1	A	A-	В	A-	B-	A	B-	B-		b-	b	a	b+	a	b	b	c	a	na	F,M	R	89	319	10	2	Т	\$980
	181/2	31	U	ME	2	В	A	A	B-	A	В	B-	B+		b+	a	а	b-	a	b	а	а	b+	b	B,E,F,M	R	86	355	8	5	С	\$1,100
	19	62	U	ME	2	В	B+	В	A	Α	A	В	B+		b+	а	a	b-	a	b	a	a	b+	b	B,E,F,M	R	84	470	8	5*	С	\$1,250
	13	291/2	U	MA	2	Α	A-	Α	A-	A	В	B-	В		b-	а	a	a	a	b	b+	b	b-	na	F,M	R	94	410	12	1	C	\$995
	181/2	32	U	MA	2	A-	B+	В	В	Α	A	B-	B+		b+	a	a	b-	a	b	a	a	b+	b	B,E,F,M	R	88	347	8	5	C	\$1,200

- 7. Timed cuts ripping 2"-thick red oak, average of three tests.
- 8. A=.006" or less B=.0061" to .0150" C=.0151" to .0300"
- 9. Using a 1½-hp dust collector.

- 10. (B) 10" Blade
  - (E) Table extension
  - (F) Rip fence
  - (M) Miter gauge
  - (R) 50"-rip-capacity fence rails
- 11. \* 10-year warranty on granite top
- 12. (C) China
  - (T) Taiwan
- Prices current at time of article production and do not include shipping, where applicable.
  - \* Available for \$1,470 with aluminum rip fence system

# BASIC-BUILT

**GREAT PROJECTS MADE SIMPLE.** 



# Bow-Front Display Case

Go ahead and build one—it's easier than you might think!

ith its adjustable framed-glass shelves and open sides, this easy-to-build display case will let your collectibles shine. But you won't have to collect a shopful of tools to build it, just the ones shown on the *next page*.

#### **Build the top and bottom**

1 Cut the top/bottom panels (A) to size [Materials List, page 61]. Then cut the end trim (B, C) to size. Cut the front trim (D, E) 1/4" wider than listed.

2 Glue and clamp the narrow end trim (B) to the ends of the bottom panel (A) [Drawing 1] with the tops flush with the best surface of the plywood [Photo A]. Note: The plywood and ¾" hardwood will not be the same thickness, but that's okay. After the glue dries, glue and clamp one piece of narrow front trim (D) to the front edge of the bottom panel.

Glue the wide end trim (C) flush with the best surface of the top panel (A). Glue and clamp one piece of wide front trim (E) to the front edge of the top panel.

Clamp the bottom panel assembly (A/B/D) to your bench. Mark the curve centerline and ends on the narrow front trim (D) [**Drawing 2**]. Use a fairing stick to trace the curve. (See **Shop Tip** on



Raise the plywood panel (A) on a scrapwood spacer, and glue the narrow end trim (B) flush with the top of the bottom panel. The difference in thickness will be hidden later.

#### WHAT YOU'LL NEED



- Materials: ¾" red oak boards, and ¼" and ¾" red oak-veneer plywood.
- Blade and bits: Dado set, ¾" round-over bit, ¼" straight bit, ¾" cove bit, rabbeting bit, ¾" core box bit.

page 58.) Jigsaw the curve on the waste side and sand to the line.

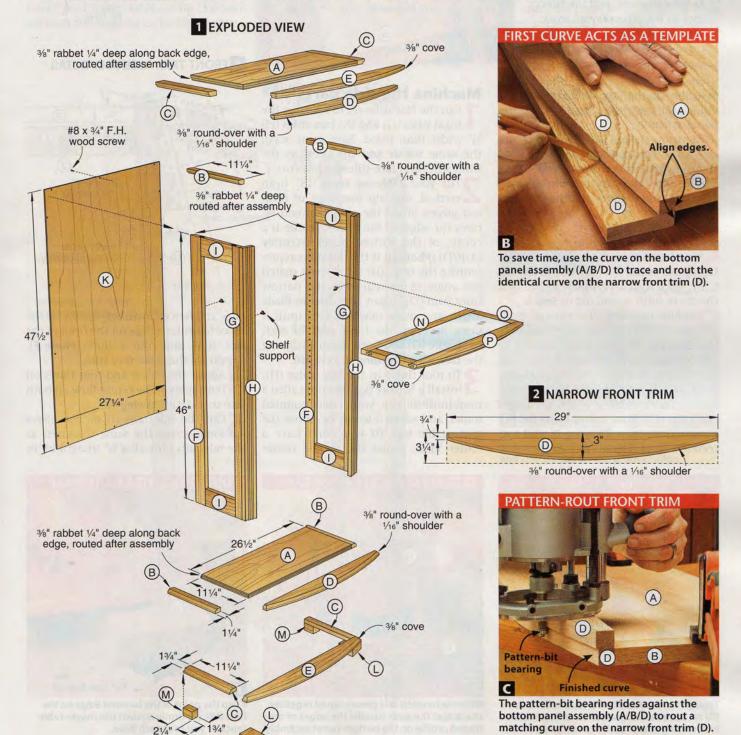
5 Double-face-tape the unmounted narrow front trim (D) to the bottom of the bottom panel assembly [**Photo B**],

woodmagazine.com

and trace the curve. Remove the front trim, jigsaw 1/16" from the line on the waste side, and retape the trim to the assembly. With a bottom-bearing pattern bit, rout the trim flush [Photo C].

6Rip two ¼"-wide spacer strips from 3¼" MDF about 36" long. Bend and tape both tight against the curved edge of the bottom panel assembly (A/B/D) [Photó D]. Center the bottom panel

57



#### **SHOP TIP**

# Trace smooth curves using a fairing stick

To draw a consistent curve on the narrow front trim (D), use a fairing stick made from mediumdensity fiberboard. (MDF bends evenly and easily because it has no grain.) First rip a ¾"-wide strip of ¾" MDF about 36" long. Place clamps on the narrow front trim so the inside edge of the fairing stick aligns with the end marks. At the centerline, pull the fairing stick to the center layout mark, and hold it in place. Then trace a curve along the inside edge.



assembly on the top panel assembly (A/C/E), and trace the curve on the top panel assembly.

7 Separate the top (A/C/E) and bottom (A/B/D) panel assemblies, and jigsaw the top-panel curve on the waste side. Double-face tape it to the bottom panel assembly, and pattern-rout the curve on the top panel assembly flush with the spacer strips. Then remove the strips.

Double-face-tape the loose wide front trim piece (E) to the wide front trim piece of the top panel assembly (A/C/E). Trace the curve, jigsaw it, and rout the curve flush as you did in **Step 5**.

Double-face-tape the narrow front trim (D) to the top panel assembly (A/C/E) and the wide front trim (E) to the bottom panel assembly (A/B/D) as they'll look on the finished case [**Drawing 1**]. Rout cove profiles on the wide front trim, including the unmounted end trim (C). Rout round-overs on the narrow front trim [**Drawing 3**] and end trim (B). Sand all parts to 220 grit.

# MARK AN OFFSET CURVE Bottom panel Spacer'strips B C

Taping two 1/4" strips to the narrow front trim (D) makes it easy to trace, cut, and patternrout mating curves on the wide front trim (E).

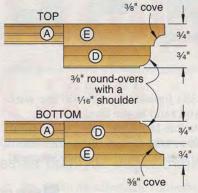
#### Machine the side parts

1 Cut the rear stiles (F) to size. Cut the front stiles (G) and the face stiles (H) 1/4" wider than listed. Save some scrap the same width and thickness as the front stiles and face stiles for test cuts.

**2**Tilt your tablesaw blade 13° from vertical, and rip one edge of both test pieces. Stand the scraps on end ½" from the edges of the routed profile at a corner of the bottom panel assembly (A/B/D) [**Photo E**]. If the test piece representing the face stile (H) doesn't match the angle of the curve in the narrow front trim (D), adjust the tablesaw blade angle, and make new test cuts until it does. Bevel-rip the front edge of each front stile (G) and both parallel edges of the face stiles [**Drawing 4**] to width.

3 To rout flutes in the face stiles (H), install a %" core box bit (also called a roundnose bit) in your table-mounted router, and adjust it to cut 1/16" above the router-table top. (If you don't have a router table, make the simple router

#### **3** TOP AND BOTTOM TRIM DETAIL



#### **4** FRONT TRIM ASSEMBLY DETAIL

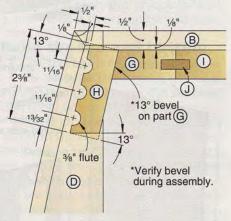
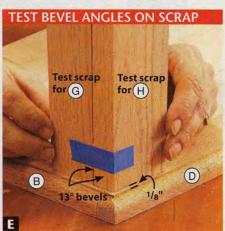


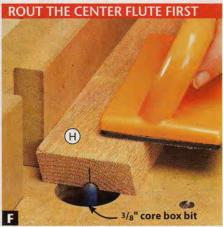
table and fence shown on *page 6*.) Set the fence to center a flute on the front of the face stile, and rout a flute [**Photo F**]. Repeat for the other face stile.

Adjust the fence, and rout flutes on both sides of the center flute on both face stiles (H) [Drawing 4].

**5** Cut the side rails (I) to size. (Save some scraps the same thickness as the side rails.) Install a ¼" straight bit in



With the beveled test pieces taped together, check that the ends parallel the edges of the routed profile on the bottom panel assembly.



Keep the point of the beveled edge on the face stile (H) firmly against the router-table fence as you rout each flute.

your table-mounted router, and adjust it to cut 3/8" deep. Attach a hardboard auxiliary fence to the router-table fence for a smooth surface, and use side-rail scraps to test and adjust the fence position until the groove is centered on the thickness of the scraps [Photo G].

Attach a stop to the router-table auxiliary fence 2½" from the bit center. Using a pushpad, rout a groove at both ends of each side rail (I) [Photo H] and on the inside edges of the rear stiles (F) and front side stiles (G) [Drawing 5]. Leave your router table set up this way, without the stopblocks, for the shelves.

**7**Cut the shelf back rails (N) to size. Then cut  $3\frac{1}{2}$ "-wide blanks to length for each pair of shelf sides (O), and cut the shelf front rails (P)  $\frac{1}{4}$ " oversize in width. Using the router-table setup from **Step 6**, rout  $\frac{3}{6}$ "-deep centered grooves on the inside edges of the shelf back rails and front rails [**Drawing 7**].

8 Use a pushpad and backer block to rout grooves in the ends and then the edges of the shelf side blanks (O). With the grooved edges against the fence, rip the blanks to width [Drawing 7]. Then set them aside.

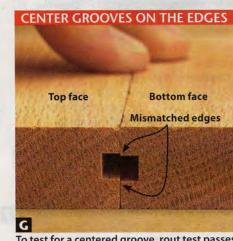
Lay out and drill shelf-pin holes in the rear and front stiles (F, G) [Drawing 5]. We used a handheld drill with the bit taped %" from the tip as a depth stop. (Watch a free video on drilling shelf-pin holes at woodmagazine.com/videos.)

#### Assemble the sides

Make three ¾×2½×4" scrapwood alignment blocks, and cover one face of each with clear packing tape. Double-face-tape the covered face of the blocks to the outside face of a front stile (G) near the ends and middle to keep the glue-up from slipping as it's clamped. Then glue and clamp a face stile (H) to a front side stile [Photo I]. Repeat for the other front stile and face stile.

2Rip spline blanks (J) ¼" wide from ¾" hardwood. From one blank, cut eight splines 2½" long. Set aside the remaining blanks.

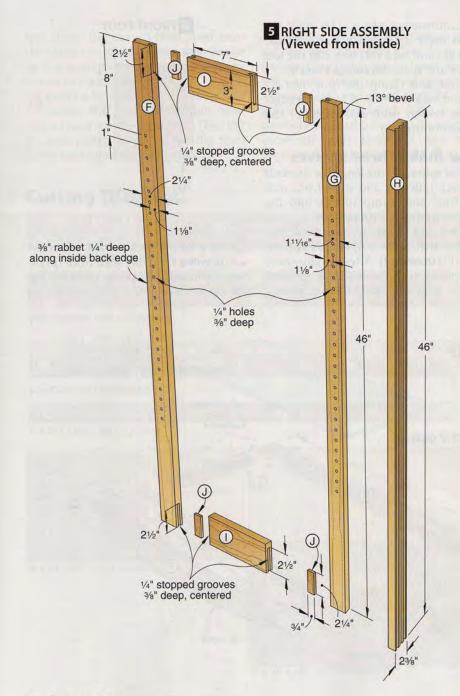
**3** Glue and insert splines (J) into the ends of the side rails (I). Then glue

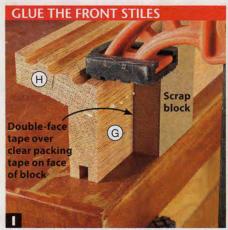


To test for a centered groove, rout test passes in two scraps. Turn one scrap upside down, and check whether the grooves align.



Double-face-tape an auxiliary fence to the router-table fence to keep the side rail (I) ends from catching as you rout.

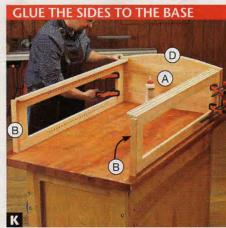




Alignment blocks taped to the front stile (G) keep it from sliding out of position. Packing tape on the block keeps glue from sticking.

**BUILD THE SIDE FRAMES** Œ Splines 0 (1) Use flutes to keep clamp pads from slipping.

Splines help align the stiles (F, G) with the rails (I) during assembly. Use clamps with padded faces to avoid marring the surfaces.



Clamp the side assemblies to the bottom panel assembly (A/B/D) on a flat surface to avoid twisting the case.

and clamp the side rails between the rear stile (F) and front face stile (G/H) [Photo J]. Repeat for the other side.

#### Complete the case

Glue and clamp a narrow end trim piece (B) with its inside edge flush with the inside face and the back of a side assembly (F/G/H/I) [Drawing 1]. Repeat for the other side assembly.

Glue and clamp the side assemblies to the bottom panel assembly, leaving a 1/8" reveal from the routed profile [Drawing 4, Photo K].

Glue and clamp the narrow front trim (D) to the side assemblies and narrow end trim (B) [Drawing 1].

Glue and clamp the top panel assembly to the narrow end trim (B) and

narrow front trim (D) [Photo L]. Then glue and clamp the wide end trim (C) and the wide front trim (E) to the bottom panel assembly, with the end trim inside edges flush with the narrow end trim (B) edge.

Mount an auxiliary router base, as shown in the Shop Tip, opposite top, and rout a 3/8" rabbet 1/4" deep in the inside edges of the rear stiles (F) and the top and bottom panel assemblies.

6 Cut the back (K) to fit the rabbeted opening. Then use a jigsaw and sanding block to round the corners. Drill and screw the back in place. (For the #8 screws, drill 5/32" shank holes and 7/64" pilot holes.)

Laminate two pieces of 34×4×12" oak to make a 1½"-thick blank for the front (L) and back (M) feet. Cut the feet to size and shape [Drawings 1 and 6].

OGlue and clamp the front feet (L) Oand back feet (M) 1/8" from the edges of the bottom wide end trim (C) and wide front trim (E).

#### Now make three shelves

Cut splines (J) the length of the shelf back rails (N) and shelf front rails (P). Glue and clamp splines into the grooves in the rails [Drawing 7].

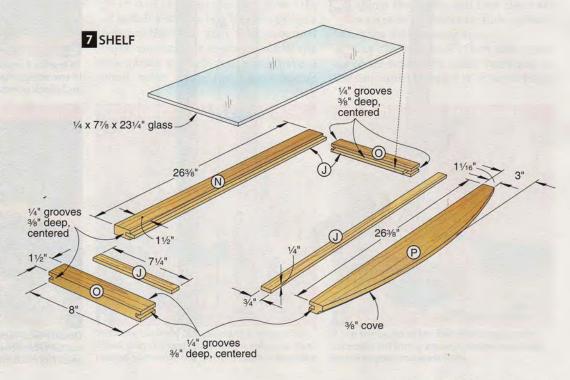
Glue and clamp the shelf back rails (N), shelf sides (O), and shelf front rails (P) [Drawing 7]. After the glue dries, cut splines to fit the shelf-side grooves. Center, glue, and clamp them in place.

#### 6 FRONT FOOT



wide front trim (E).

Use a fairing stick to mark the curve Drawing 7] on one shelf front (P) on the assembled shelf frame (N/O/P). Jigsaw on the waste side, and sand to the

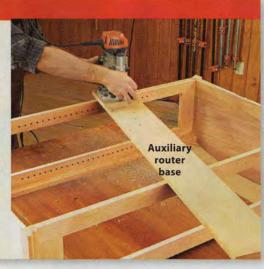




Glue and clamp the top panel assembly centered between the narrow end trim (B) on the side assemblies.

#### No tipping allowed

Rabbeting a 3/4"-wide edge can leave bumps and gouges if the router wobbles. Stabilize it with a 3/4×6×48" auxiliary base that rests on opposite edges of the case. Drill a centered 11/2"-diameter bit hole in from one end a distance half the width of your router base. Use the same method as for mounting a router in the shopbuilt table on page 6 to mount it on the auxiliary base. Now your router will feel like it's supported on a tabletop, not a tightrope.



line. Trace the curved-front shelf onto the other two shelf frames, then jigsaw on the waste side, and pattern-rout the curves to match the first shelf.

Insert a %" cove bit into a handheld router, and rout the bottom front edge of each shelf front rail (P). Then cut 1/4" glass panels to fit within the shelf frame resting on the splines (J).

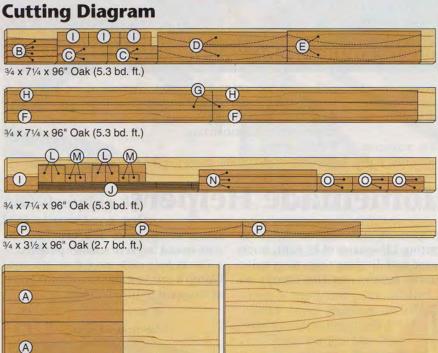
Remove the back and shelves from the case and the glass from the shelves, then finish-sand all parts to 220 grit. Apply stain (we used Varathane Mission Oak) and three coats of satin polyurethane. Sand with 320-grit abrasive between coats. Now you're ready to show off your keepsakes and your improved woodworking skills.

Written by Bob Wilson with Jeff Mertz Project design: Jeff Mertz

Illustrations: Roxanne LeMoine; Lorna Johnson

Basic-Built projects require only a limited number of inexpensive and readily available tools and materials. For more information, go to woodmagazine.com/basicbuilt





1/4 x 48 x 48" Oak plywood

(K)

#### Materials List

	rcase	and a females	NISHED W	SIZE	Matl.	Otv.
A	top/bottom panels	3/4"	111/4"	261/2"	OP	2
В	narrow end trim	3/4"	11/4"	111/4"	0	4
C	wide end trim	3/4"	13/4"	111/4"	0	4
D*	narrow front trim	3/4"	3"	29"	0	2
E*	wide front trim	3/4"	33/8"	30"	0	2
F	rear stiles	3/4"	21/4"	46"	0	2
G*	front stiles	3/4"	111/16"	46"	0	2
H*	face stiles	3/4"	23/8"	46"	0	2
1	side rails	3/4"	3"	7"	0	4
J	spline blanks	1/4"	3/4"	36"	0	7
K*	back	1/4"	271/4"	471/2"	OP	1
L*	front feet	11/2"	33/4"	3"	LO	2
M*	back feet	11/2"	13/4"	21/4"	LO	2
Sh	elves (3)				- 1	
N	shelf back rails	3/4"	11/2"	263/8"	0	3
0*	shelfsides	3/4"	11/2"	8"	0	6
P*	shelf front rails	3/4"	3"	263/8"	0	3

\*Parts initially cut oversize. See the instructions.

Materials key: OP-oak-veneer plywood, O-oak, LO-laminated oak.

Supplies: 1/4×77/8×231/4" glass (3), shelf supports (12), #8×3/4" flathead wood screws.

3/4 x 24 x 48" Oak plywood



f football is a game of inches, woodworking is a game of fractions where you measure success in sixty-fourths of an inch. And any technique or jig that increases accuracy or efficiency brings you one step closer to success.

From the thousands of Shop Tips that WOOD® magazine has published during the past 24 years, our editorial staff

picked out the cream of the crop. Then we added fresh ideas to make them even better ways to:

- create shop-made jigs
- ease cabinet construction
- avoid goofs
- work around problems or the limitations of your tools.

# **Handy Homemade Helpers**

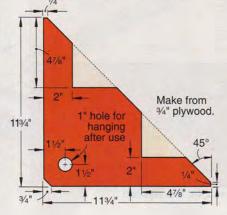
#### Keep right angles right

You'll never again guess the squareness of an assembly if you use these rightangle clamping blocks. They ensure a 90° alignment, as shown below left. Start by cutting 12" squares of ¾" Baltic birch plywood and dividing them diagonally. Then cut notches for the clamps, as

shown below center. You can vary the sizes to suit larger or smaller projects.

Blocks help with more than glue-ups. Clamp a pair to a chest, as shown *below*, as a support to install hinges.







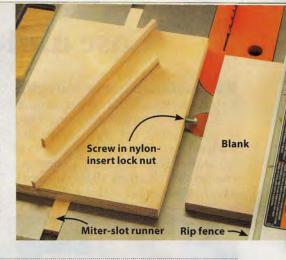
#### Rip thin strips reliably

Safely ripping uniformly thin strips on a tablesaw involves making a cut, resetting the fence, and making the next cut. This jig eliminates the hard part: moving the fence precisely the same distance after each cut.

Build the jig from 3/4" plywood with a hardwood miter-slot runner attached to its bottom, as shown right. Drill a 7/16" hole 2" deep centered along one edge of the plywood, and epoxy a 1/4" nyloninsert lock nut inside the hole. After the

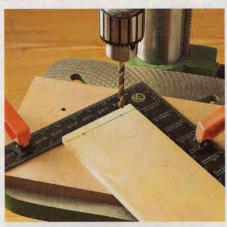
epoxy cures, thread a 2"-long 1/4"-20 roundhead machine screw.

Place the jig in your tablesaw's miter slot and turn the machine screw until the distance between the screwhead and the saw blade equals the width of the strips you want. Sandwich a blank between the rip fence and the screwhead, lock the fence, remove the jig, and rip the strip. Then return the jig to the miter slot and repeat until your blank gets too narrow to cut safely using pushsticks, usually about 34".



#### Square makes a quick and easy stop

To consistently position a hole in multiple workpieces, clamp a framing square to your drill-press table. The two legs of the square act as both a fence and stop. Squares don't come with dust-relief grooves, though, so blow away chips and dust after each hole to prevent debris from becoming trapped between your workpiece and the square.



#### Conquer curves with a fairing stick

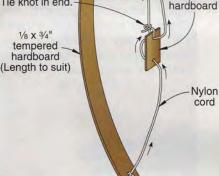
An adjustable string tensions this bowlike tool to create smooth arcs with ease. Unlike the super-simple fairing stick on page 60, this one doesn't need to be clamped in place to hold its arc.

To make one, cut a 3/4"-wide piece of 1/8" tempered hardboard and assemble it as shown right. The ones in our shop range from 2' to 3' long. For fairing sticks longer than 3', make the width about 11/2". To use the fairing stick, mark the curve



endpoints and midpoint. Bow the stick, sliding the toggle along the string until

the curve touches the midpoint and both endpoints. Hold the stick firmly against the workpiece and trace the curve. When finished, you're release the tension on the stick. Tie knot in end.-1/8 X 3/4"



TOGGLE

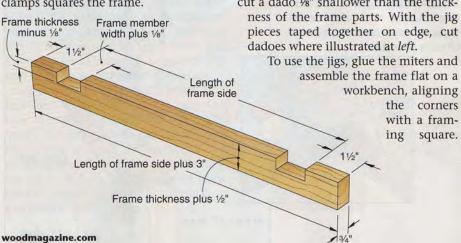
1/8 x 3/4 x 2

tempered

Note: All holes are 1/8" diameter, located 1/4" from ends of piece.

#### Add clamping jigs for less slip, more grip

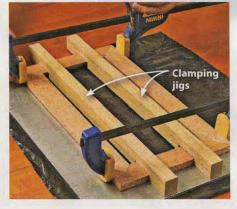
Juggling two pairs of clamps to glue a mitered frame can end in frustration. With these jigs, however, one set of clamps squares the frame.



To make a pair, rip two pieces of 34"thick scrap 1/2" wider than the thickness of the frame parts and 3" longer than the frame sides, as shown right. Then install a 34" dado blade, and adjust it to cut a dado 1/8" shallower than the thick-

pieces taped together on edge, cut

(Protect the workbench with a plastic trash bag.) Position the jigs close to the inside corners, capturing the frame ends in the dadoes. Now clamp the frame sides, as shown below, while the jigs hold the short frame members in place.



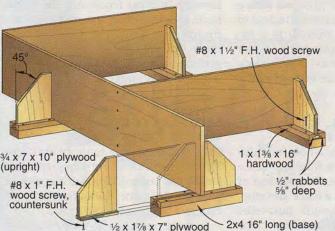
# **Case and Cabinet Accuracy Aids**

#### Hold cabinet parts upright

If you've tried standing cabinet parts on edge only to see them topple like a house of cards, check out these scrapwood workholders. Slide one of the two uprights into the base, prop a panel on edge against it, then slide the other upright against your workpiece to hold it

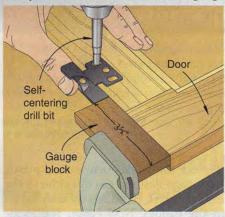


while you assemble the project. You can flip the uprights around, as shown right, slide two together in the base, and use the angled edges to hold work at a 45° angle, when making a corner cabinet, for example.

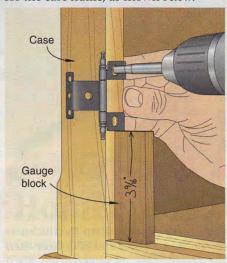


#### Turn scraps into gauge blocks and spacers

When mounting hardware, such as hinges and drawer slides, there's more than one way to ensure accuracy. To mount upper and lower hinges consistently on several doors, use a gauge



block, as shown below left. You'll need one for the door frame and another that's 1/16" longer (to allow for the reveal) for the case frame, as shown below.



To accurately space drawer slides on both sides of a case, use a panel scrap. Start by cutting a scrap spacer for mounting the uppermost slides. Then drill mounting-screw holes, and attach the slides, as shown below. Now cut the spacer to length for the next highest group of slides, and repeat.

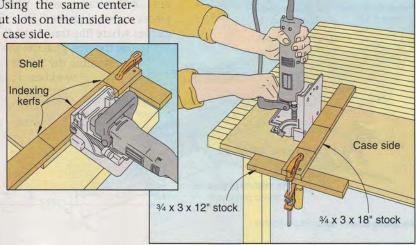


#### Make bookcase biscuits a breeze every time

Transfer biscuit locations accurately from a case side to a shelf end using this custom T-square. Assemble it from medium-density fiberboard (MDF) or melamine-covered particleboard scraps to make pencil marks easy to erase. Mark the biscuit location centerlines on the long leg of the square.

To use the square, clamp it to a shelf, as shown right, with the short leg against the front edge, and use the lines to cut biscuit slots on the shelf ends. Then clamp the square to the case side with

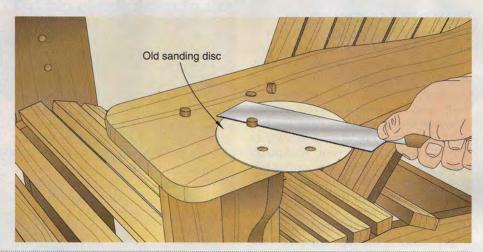
the short leg against the front edge. Using the same centerlines, cut slots on the inside face of each case side.



## **Goof Blockers**

#### A close shave with no nicks

Wooden plugs provide easy concealment for screws, but cutting the plugs flush without marring the surrounding wood can be tricky. For a clean cut, reuse a worn-out sanding disc, as shown *right*. With the abrasive side down, slip the exposed plug through one of the holes in the sanding disc. Then saw the plug flush with the disc. There'll be a little extra left above the surface, but it's easier to sand that away than saw marks.



#### Scoring cut skips the chips

If both faces of a veneer plywood will be visible on your project, minimize chipout on each side by dividing the cut. First make a shallow scoring cut 1/16" to 1/8" deep, as shown below. Then raise the blade, and make another pass to cut completely through the workpiece.



## Trap glue squeeze-out

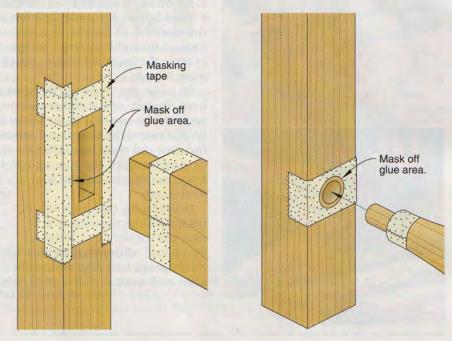
Glue globs and surface smears will mar a finish, especially when you're applying stain. Stop the problem before it starts on face-to-face joints by cutting 1/8"-deep saw kerfs about 1/8" from both edges, as shown right. Apply glue only between the kerfs and, as you press the two parts together, any squeeze-out will flow into the kerfs. If the ends will be visible in the completed project, use a table-mounted router and a 1/8" straight bit to make stopped grooves.



# Keep glue smears from marring joints

Glue kerfs solve face-to-face glue-up problems, but mortise-and-tenon joints require another strategy. For joints like the one shown *right*, dry-assemble the joint, and tape the mortised piece around the tenon piece using masking tape or blue painter's tape. Then tape the tenon part next to the joint. Glue, assemble, and clamp the joint, making sure no squeeze-out drips off the tape.

For dowel tenons in round holes, first tape over the mortise and cut away the tape over the hole, as shown *far right*. Insert the dowel or round tenon, and tape where it meets the surface of the mortised piece. Then glue and assemble the joint. In both instances, wait until the glue dries before pulling off the tape and finishing your project.

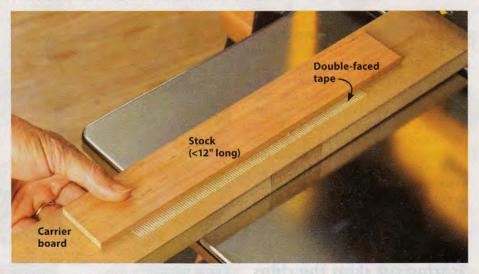


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### **Problem-Solvers**

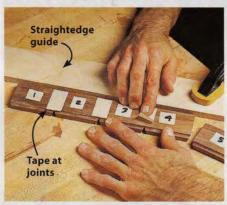
Here's the skinny on planing thin stock

Most planer manufacturers don't recommend planing stock less than ½" thick and 12" long because of the risk of it breaking. To safely work around these limits, piggyback the workpiece to a flat ¾" carrier board, as shown right. The carrier board should be at least as wide as and 2" longer than your workpiece. Using this technique, you can safely plane wood to ½6" thick. To remove wood that thin from the carrier, gently pry it off using a putty knife starting at the ends. If the piece becomes too fragile to pry, dissolve the tape adhesive with lacquer thinner.



Tape your way to tight glue joints

Assembling boxes with more than four sides presents a clamping challenge. Here's an easy alternative: First lay out the box pieces with the top or bottom edge against a straightedge and the outside corners touching. Use masking tape to pull the outside edges tightly together, as shown below top. Next apply glue, and roll the segments around the base, as shown below. Tape the beginning and end segments, apply pressure with a band clamp, if necessary, and allow the assembly to dry on a flat surface.





Make a portable drill as accurate as a drill press

Even if you own only a portable drill or your drill-press table can't accommodate a large workpiece, you can drill 90° holes using this easy-to-make right-angle jig. Build one by joining two scrap blocks at 90°. Place the tip of the bit where you want the hole, slide the jig against the bit as you straighten it, and bore your perpendicular hole, as shown *right*. If you need to drill deeper than the right-angle jig allows, drill the hole as far as possible using the jig, remove the jig, and drill further, guided by the hole already drilled.



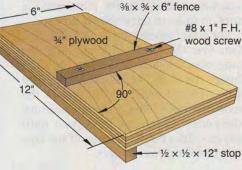
Make on-the-mark cuts with your circular saw

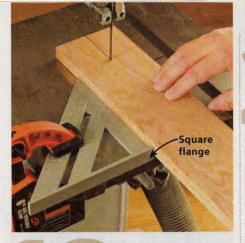
Faster to set up and more accurate than a Speed Square, the cutoff jig *below* was designed for 6" boards. But you can increase the width for larger workpieces, or angle the fence and enlarge the jig to make 45° cuts.

To make one, measure the distance from the edge of the widest portion of your circular-saw base to the blade, add ¼", and mount the fence that dimension from one end of the base. Then use your circular saw with the base against the fence to trim the jig end to final length.

To use the jig, clamp it with the stop against the workpiece edge and the right end of the jig aligned with your cutline. Hold the saw-base edge against the fence as you cut, as shown above right.







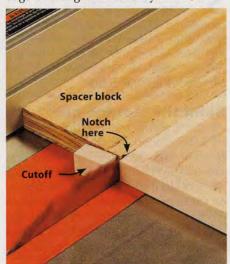
#### Square makes a fast fence

If your bandsaw didn't come with a fence, substitute a Speed Square. With the square's flange against the front edge of the bandsaw table, clamp it in place where you want to begin your cut. These squares cost only a few dollars, and their thickness provides enough edge to guide workpieces lying flat.

# Give solid edge bands that clean-cut look

Trimming solid-wood edge bands on plywood shelves can leave handsaw scratches or rounded edges from sanding. Instead make a spacer block with parallel edges. Then set your tablesaw fence to remove just a whisker more than the blade width from the end of one edge.

Without moving the fence, lay the spacer block between the fence and a piece of test scrap. Push both a couple of inches into the blade. If the scrap touches the blade, move the fence a hair closer to the blade, and make a second test cut. Once the scrap clears the blade, place your shelf edge against the spacer block, as shown *below*, and push both just far enough into the blade to remove the edge banding. Sand off any that's left.



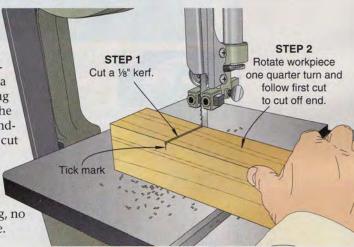
#### Cut big panels down to size

Wrestling with 4×8 panels in a small shop can be a losing battle. Here's a way to cut them before taking them into your shop. First make a straightedge using the factory-cut edge of a 10"-wide scrap of plywood or medium-density fiberboard. Next lay the panel on a sheet of rigid foam insulation at least 1" thick. Measure from the saw-base edge to the blade, and clamp your straightedge that distance from the cutline. Clamp the guide in place; set the blade cutting depth to penetrate ¼" into the foam insulation, and then make the cut, as shown right.



#### Cut to the chase

Here's a quick, accurate way to make a freehand squaring cut on your bandsaw, as you would for a turning blank. After making a tick mark to indicate the cutline, and with your bandsaw table 90° to the blade, cut a shallow kerf at your tick mark. Then rotate the stock a quarter turn so the kerf is on top, and cut along the kerf—no drawing, no square, and no miter gauge.



# Rip thin stock safely with a zero-clearance tabletop

You'll cut thin stock with less tear-out on a saw with a zero-clearance insert. But there's an easier way to get the same results while raising the work-piece enough to keep it from sliding under the fence. This tip also works great for cutting thin sheet brass.

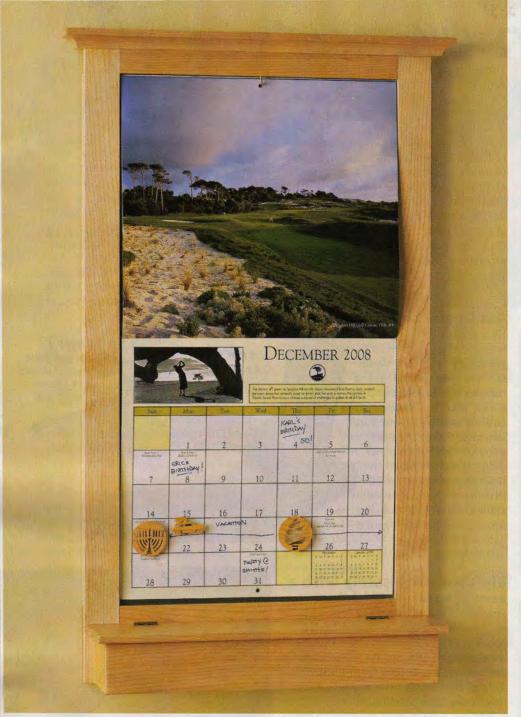
First cut a piece of ¼" medium-density fiberboard or hardboard large enough to cover the saw table from front to back and wide enough to support your workpiece. Position the fence for the cut, and lower the blade beneath the tabletop. Then double-face tape the hardboard to the saw table with one edge against the fence.



Start the saw and gradually raise the blade through the zero-clearance top to the correct height. Always use pushsticks to control stock narrower than 2".

#### Did we miss one?

Do you know a tip that's as good as or better than these? If so, send your tip and contact information to **Shop Tips**, **WOOD magazine**, **1716 Locust St.**, **LS-221**, **Des Moines**, **IA 50309-3023**. Or e-mail us at shoptips@woodmagazine.com and include your contact information. You might earn \$100 or a valuable tool prize.



# Calendar Keeper Make any calendar look right at home in this simple but elegant frame.

o matter how beautiful its photographs, a calendar invariably looks "tacked up" when stuck to a wall or refrigerator. This frame solves that problem, with style to spare. To

ramp up the fun factor, it includes a variety of scrollsawn magnet-backed icons for marking family holidays and events. They stick to a steel plate behind the calendar.



Mark important dates and events with magnetic scrollsawn icons. They store in a hinged compartment below the calendar.

#### First, make the frame

We sized our frame to fit a  $12\times11$ " calendar that measures  $12\times22$ " when open. Find your calendar, measure it, and adjust any part sizes as necessary before you start building.

Cut the frame stiles (A), top rail (B), and bottom rail (C) to size [Materials List, page 70], as well as some scrap stock matching the thickness of the stiles and rails. Install a 34" dado set on your tablesaw and adjust its height to cut half-lap joints, testing your settings in the scrap. After installing an auxiliary face on the rip fence, cut 1" rabbets at one end of the stiles [Drawing 1]. Reset the fence and cut 31/4" rabbets at the other end of the stiles. Reposition the fence again, and cut 1½" rabbets on both ends of the top and bottom rails. Glue and clamp the frame, and remove any glue squeeze-out Photo A.

Rout a ¼" rabbet ½" deep on the inside edge of the back face of the frame assembly (A/B/C). To reduce tearout, cut the rabbet in progressively deeper passes until reaching the final depth. Square the corners of the rabbet [Photo B], then finish-sand the frame.

Cut the top (D) to size. Chuck a ½" cove bit into your table-mounted router, and form a cove on the ends and front edge [**Drawing 1**]. Finish-sand the top. Glue and clamp the top to the top rail (B), with the back edges flush and centered from side to side.

#### **Build the storage box**

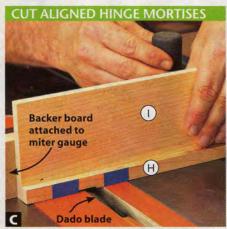
1 Cut a blank 2%×35" from %" stock for the box front (E), sides (F), and bottom (G). Then, cut the front and sides to length and final width. Machine the grooves in the sides and the rabbets on the front [**Drawing 2**]. Cut the bottom (G) to length. Now, glue and clamp the box together, with the ends and edges flush. Remove any glue squeeze-out, and set aside to dry.



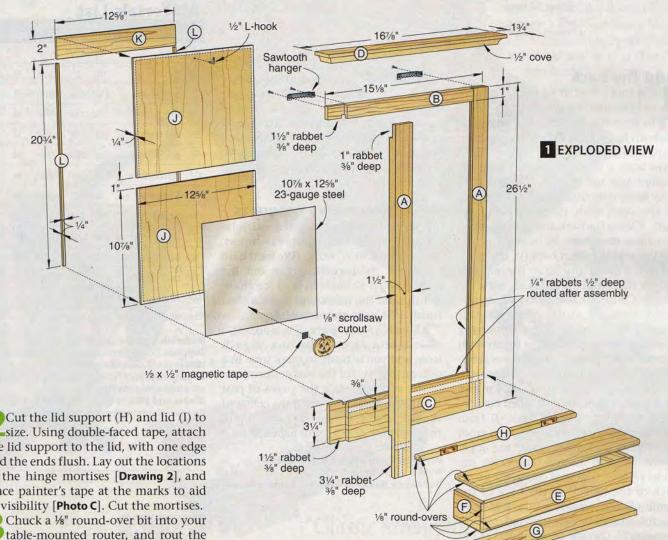
Elevate the frame on spacers to provide clamp clearance. Glue and clamp the frame, checking for square.

# CHISELS MAKE SQUARE CORNERS (B) A

Use a sharp chisel to square up the rabbeted corners. Take small bites with the chisel for the cleanest results.



To cut the hinge mortises, use a dado blade, and attach a backer board to your miter gauge to prevent tear-out.



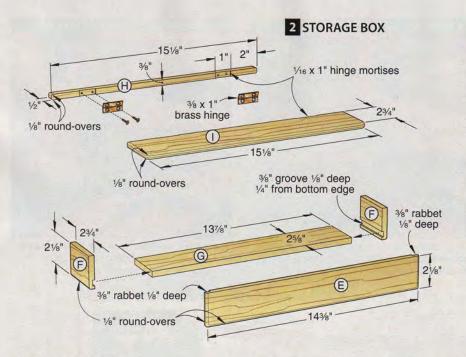
size. Using double-faced tape, attach the lid support to the lid, with one edge and the ends flush. Lay out the locations of the hinge mortises [Drawing 2], and place painter's tape at the marks to aid in visibility [Photo C]. Cut the mortises.

table-mounted router, and rout the round-overs on the box assembly (E/F/ G), lid support (H), and lid (I) [Drawing 2]. Finish-sand the parts.

Glue and clamp the box assembly (E/F/G) to the bottom rail (C) and stiles (A). Center the box from side to side, with the bottom edges flush.

Position the hinges in the lid-support (H) mortises, with the leaf flush with the bottom edge. Mark and drill 5/64" pilot holes. Repeat this procedure for the lid (I). To prevent breaking the soft brass

screws later, first mount the hinges using #4 steel screws. Remove the hinges, and glue the lid support to the box assembly (E/F/G), with their back edges flush. Set the lid aside for now.



#### Add the back

1 Cut two pieces of ¼" birch plywood to 1256×1056" for the backs (J).

2To form the metal backer, first sand both faces of a piece of 23-gauge steel using 320-grit sandpaper. Clean the surfaces with acetone to remove any oily residue and metal dust. Using heavyduty spray adhesive, attach one back (J) to the steel, with two adjacent edges flush. Clamp the back and steel together, and allow to cure for 30 minutes.

Retrieve the other back (J), and position it (don't glue it) on the opposite side of the metal backer flush with the edges. Clamp this plywood/steel/plywood sandwich to the corner of your workbench, with the steel overhanging the edges [Photo D]. Using a jigsaw with a metal-cutting blade, cut the metal following along the edge of the back (J). Sandwiching the metal this way makes for a smoother, more controlled cut.

Remove the unglued back (J) from Tthe sandwich. Sand any burrs from the edge of the metal backer, and apply a coat of satin aerosol lacquer to the metal surface. Glue and clamp the upper back to the rabbet on the back of the frame (A/B/C), making sure it is tight against the rabbet on the top rail (B) [Drawing 1]. Cut the back support (K) to size, and glue and clamp it in place. Cut the back stops (L) to size. Place the lower back (J) into the rabbet, with the bottom edge tight against the rabbet in the bottom rail (C), leaving a gap between the two backs. Glue and clamp the back stops in place.

**5** Finish-sand, and apply three coats of aerosol lacquer, lightly sanding between coats with a 320-grit sanding sponge. Reattach the hinges using brass screws, and add the sawtooth hangers to the back of the top rail (B) [**Drawing 1**]. To hold your calendar in place, screw in a ½" L-hook.

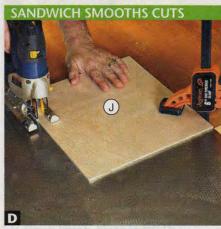
#### **Next: decorative magnets**

Make a photocopy of the calendar icons in the WOOD Patterns® insert, and adhere it to ⅓" stock. (We used hard maple for its durability.) Cut out the icons using a #2 blade in your scrollsaw. Finish-sand the icons, and apply a clear finish. (We used an aerosol lacquer.)

2Attach a ½x½" piece of self-adhesive magnetic tape to the back of each icon, and you're ready to mark time in a decorative way. For the best performance of the magnets, slide the pages of past months through the slot in the center of the frame so the magnets have to pull through only one layer of paper.

Written by **Kevin Boyle** with **Jeff Mertz** Project design: **Kevin Boyle** Illustrations: **Roxanne LeMoine**; **Lorna Johnson** 

**Cutting Diagram** 



To cut the metal backer, sandwich it between the two backs (J), and clamp the pieces to the workbench. Cut along the plywood edge.

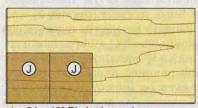
**Materials List** 

	accitais	FI	NISHED	144		
Pa	rt	Т	W	L	Matl.	Qty.
Α	stiles	3/4"	11/2"	261/2"	М	2
В	top rail	3/4"	1"	151/8"	М	1
C	bottom rail	3/4"	31/4"	151/8"	М	1
D	top	3/4"	13/4"	167/8"	М	1
E*	box front	3/8"	21/8"	143/8"	М	1
F*	box sides	3/8"	21/8"	23/4"	М	2
G*	box bottom	3/8"	25/8"	137/8"	М	1
Н	lid support	3/8"	1/2"	151/8"	М	1
1	boxlid	3/8"	23/4"	151/8"	М	1
J	backs	1/4"	125/8"	107/8"	ВР	2
K	back support	1/4"	2"	125/8"	М	1
L	back stops	1/4"	1/4"	203/4"	М	2
M*	scrollsaw blank	1/8"	2"	20"	М	1

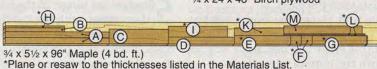
<sup>\*</sup>Parts initially cut oversize. See the instructions.

**Materials key:** M-maple, BP-birch plywood. **Supplies:** Double-faced tape, spray adhesive, 3/e×1" brass hinges (2), sawtooth hangers (2), 107/e×125/e" 23-gauge steel, #4×1" flathead wood screws, 1/2" L-hook, self-adhesive magnetic tape.

**Blades and bits:** 1/8" round-over, 1/2" cove, and rabbeting router bits; dado set; metal-cutting jigsaw blade; #2 scrollsaw blade.



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#### Form the body and wings

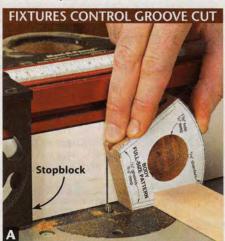
1 Cut a ¾×3¼×3" blank for the body (A). (We used lacewood and curly maple for the clock *above*, and spalted maple and walnut for the one *opposite*, *top*.) Photocopy the **Body Pattern** from the *WOOD Patterns*® insert, and adhere it to the blank with spray adhesive, aligning the bottom edge of the pattern flush with the end of the blank.

2Using a 1%" Forstner bit in your drill press, bore a hole %" deep in the body (A) where marked on the pattern.

**3** Bandsaw or scrollsaw the body (A) to just outside the pattern lines, then sand the edges to the lines.

To cut the stopped grooves on the sides of the body (A), install a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" straight bit in a table-mounted router. Adjust the fence to center the bit in the <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" stock. Now set a stopblock so when the body is pushed across the bit, it stops

at the indicated mark on the pattern [Photo A]. Rout the grooves on both sides of the body.



With a stopblock and feather board in place, cut a groove in each side of the body (A). Slide your hand on top of the fence for safety.

**5** Using a 45° chamfer bit in your table-mounted router, cut a ½6" chamfer around the front and back faces of the body (A) [**Photo B**]. (You'll use the same setup to chamfer the base [C] shortly.) Remove the pattern, and finish-sand the body to 220 grit.

Cut two ¼×1¾×3¾" blanks for the wings (B). Make two copies of the Wing Pattern and adhere one to each blank, with the long, straight edge of the pattern flush with the edge of the blank. Bandsaw or scrollsaw the wings to shape, then sand away any saw marks on the cut edges. Remove the pattern, and finish-sand the wings to 220 grit.

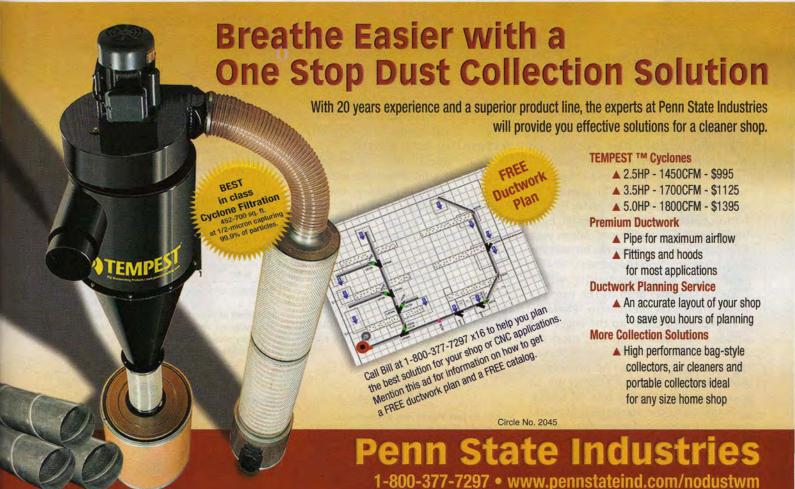
#### Now make the base

1 Cut a  $34\times214\times10$ " blank for the base (C). Resaw the blank to 5%" thick. (We used a tablesaw.) Then crosscut the blank to 6".

continued on page 76

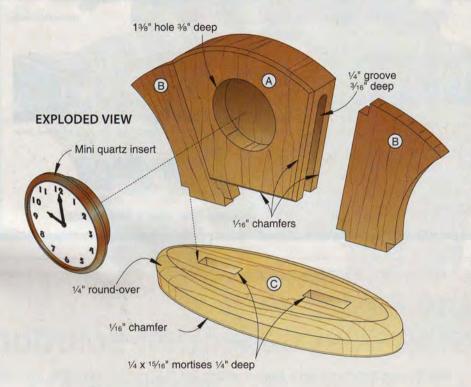


Circle No. 802





Contrasting species highlight the clock's shapely figure. Here we chose spalted maple and walnut for a blond-overbrown variation.



**2**Photocopy the **Base Pattern** and adhere it, centered, to the blank.

To form the mortises in the base (C) to receive the wings (B), chuck a ¼" bit in your drill press. We prefer the flat bottoms produced by a Forstner bit, but a brad-point bit also will work. Adjust your drill-press fence to center the bit over the marked mortises on the pattern.

To make the mortises, drill overlapping holes ¼" deep in the base (C) where shown on the pattern [**Photo C**]. Use a chisel to clean up the edges and square the corners of the mortises. Bandsaw or scrollsaw the base to shape.

**5** Rout the ½6" chamfer on the bottom of the base (C) using a starter pin, as you did earlier. Change to a ¼" roundover bit, leave the starter pin in place, and rout the top of the base. Remove the pattern, and finish-sand to 220 grit.

#### Assemble and finish

Apply glue to the grooves in the body (A), and insert the wings (B). To hold the parts in position, use masking tape as a clamp. Next apply glue to the mortises in the base (C), insert the body and wing assembly (A/B) into the base, and clamp.

2After the glue dries, apply a clear finish. (We sprayed on three coats of aerosol satin lacquer, sanding between coats with a 320-grit sanding sponge.)

Install the clock movement, put the clock on your desk, and enjoy watching time pass.

Written by Jeff Mertz with Kevin Boyle Project design: Matt Seller Illustrations: Roxanne LeMoine; Lorna Johnson



Use a starter pin and a push pad for safety when freehand routing the chamfers on the front and back of the body (A).

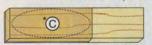


With the base aligned to cut the mortises, lock the drill-press fence in place, and drill overlapping holes with a Forstner bit.

#### **Cutting Diagram**



3/4 x 31/2 x 12" Lacewood (.33 bd. ft.)



3/4 x 21/4 x 10" Maple (.21 bd. ft.) \*Plane or resaw to the thicknesses listed in the Materials List.

#### **Materials List**

		FI	FINISHED SIZE			
Pa	rt	T	W	L	Matl.	Qty.
A*	body	3/4"	31/4"	23/4"	C	1
B*	wings	1/4"	1 11/16"	27/8"	C	2
C*	base	5/8"	2"	51/2"	С	1

<sup>\*</sup>Parts initially cut oversize. See the instructions.

**Materials key:** C-choice of contrasting woods, such as curly maple and lacewood, curly maple and walnut, ash and cherry, or curly maple and ash.

**Supplies:** Spray adhesive.

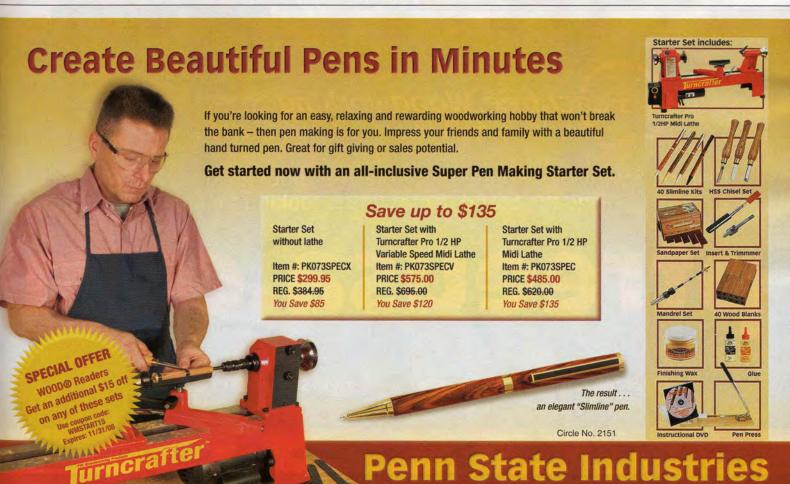
**Bits:** 1/4" and 13/8" Forstner bits; 45° chamfer, 1/4" roundover, and 1/4" straight router bits.

#### Source

Mini quartz movement: White Arabic Dial with Chrome Bezel no. 15267, \$7.49 ea. from Klockit (800-556-2548, klockit.com).



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—Scott Taylor, Goddard, Kan.

• There's no reason that a properly • tuned and outfitted benchtop tablesaw can't easily rip 2×4s, Scott. You can do a few things to improve your saw's performance, however. First, trade out the 40-tooth blade for a 24-tooth, thin-kerf blade made for ripping. Fewer teeth make for easier chip ejection and cooler cuts. A thinner blade removes less wood, putting less

strain on the motor and helping it maintain its rpm. With the blade installed, adjust it and the fence parallel to the miter slot. Burning often can be traced to a misaligned blade or fence pinching the wood.

Finally, leave that splitter and blade guard installed, as shown *right*. Pine 2×4s may have internal stresses that cause them to pinch the blade during rip cuts—exactly the problem your splitter was meant to cure.

A splitter keeps stress-prone 2×4s from binding up the tablesaw blade, preventing burning, eliminating dangerous kickbacks, and keeping the motor from bogging down.

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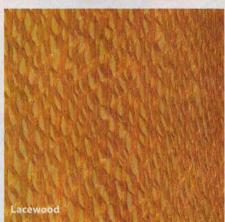
#### **Confused by lookalikes** leopardwood and lacewood

• The July 2008 issue of WOOD® magazine shows leopardwood on page 65 and lacewood on page 44. They look similar to me, and I've seen each labeled both ways in hardwood stores. If they are different species, how do I tell them apart?

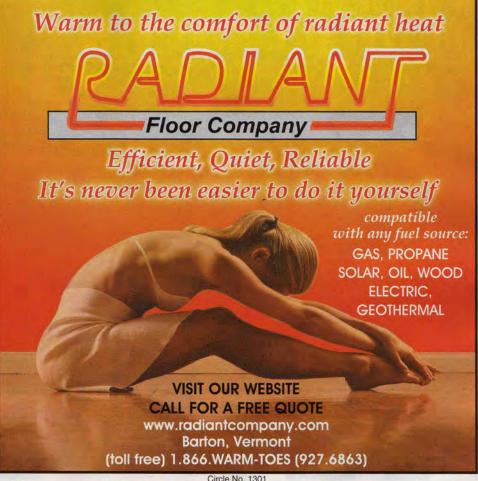
-Roy Galbreath, Diamond, III.

 Leopardwood and lacewood are indeed two distinct species, Roy, though people (even hardwood dealers) often confuse them with one another. Use these characteristics to tell the two apart: Both leopardwood, below, and lacewood, bottom, display flecks caused by rays that bisect the growth rings. But leopardwood's flecks tend to be splashy and round (like a leopard's spots), where lacewood's appear wispy, coming to a point on both ends. With a pinkish-brown to chocolate-brown color range, leopardwood weighs in as the denser and darker of the two woods. Lacewood has a light-pink to light-brown color and a sheen that makes it appear to glow.





continued on page 80



Circle No. 1301



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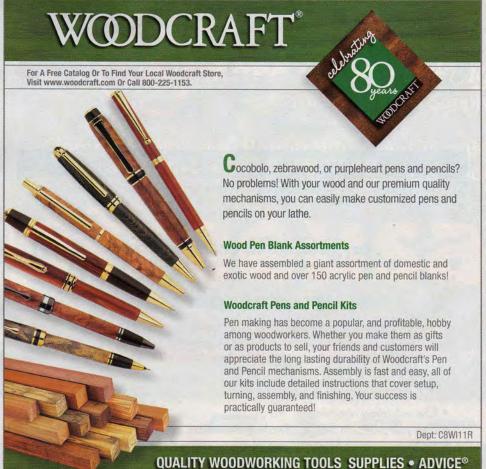
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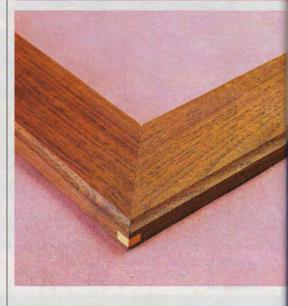
#### Watermarked walnut woes

A recent basement flood left a dark "waterline" on some walnut frames that were waiting to be finished. Is there a way to erase the blemish?

-Beth Krehbiel, Deer Creek, Okla.

• If there is no damage, such as swelling or spreading joints, you might have gotten lucky, Beth. Try this: Re-sand all the surfaces through 80, 120, 180, and 220 grit, paying special attention to the watermarked areas. This should remove most of the surface stain and knock down any raised fibers. Then, wipe on a generous coating of boiled linseed oil. Allow it to penetrate for 5–10 minutes before wiping it off with a paper towel. For dark woods, like your walnut, the penetrating finish blends any remaining stains into the wood grain.







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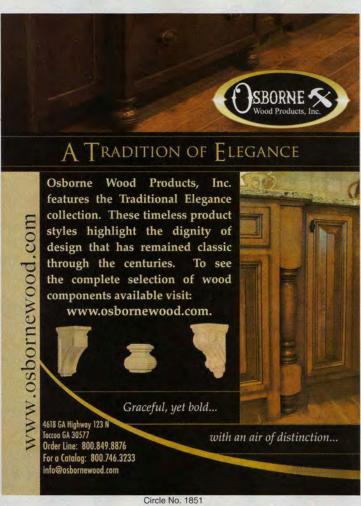
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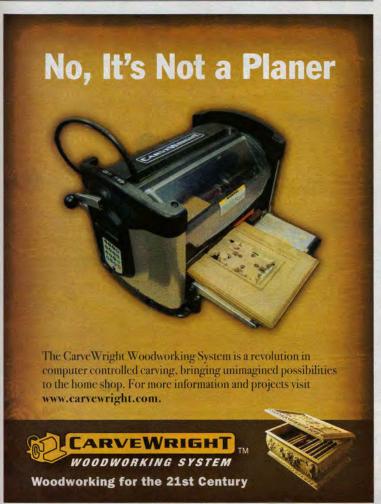
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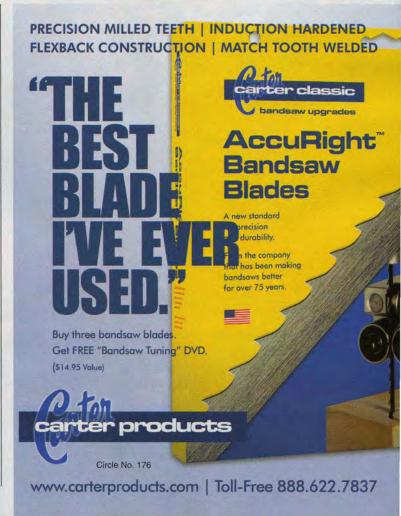
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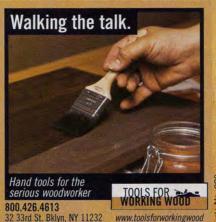
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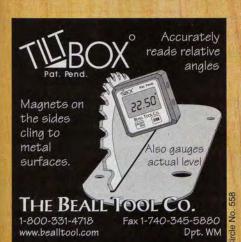
















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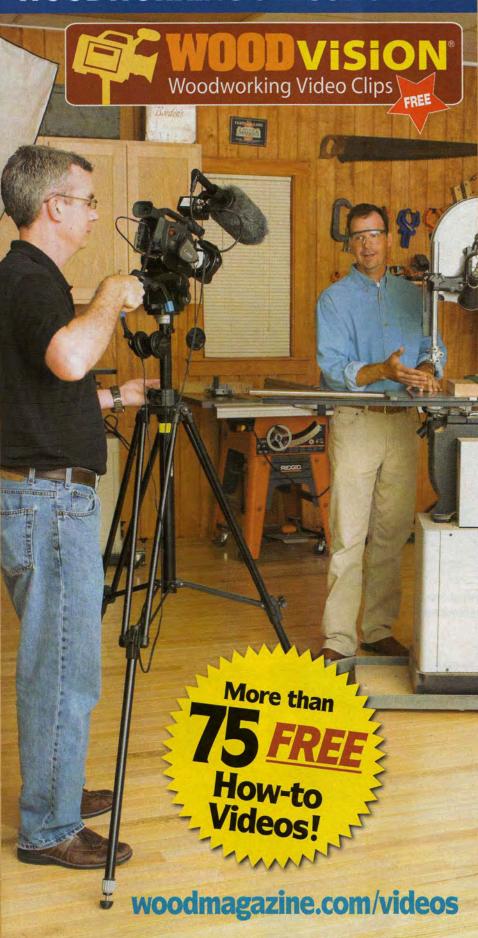
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### What's Ahead

A sneak peek inside the December/January 2008/2009 issue (on sale November 18)



#### **Cherry dresser**

This beautiful six-drawer chest matches the pencil-post bed and nightstand in this issue (pages 24–31 and 36–39). You'll also find complete instructions for the dresser-top valet and wall mirror shown.



#### Basic-Built three-table set

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WOOD magazine November 2008



Hot Melt Glue Guns are *NOT* all the same. The Professional TR550™ proves it. This feature packed Glue Gun is an important tool for every workshop.

- Full Grip Easy Squeeze Lever reduces painful 2-finger trigger fatigue
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- Automatic Clutch Mechanism prevents glue backup
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